

Middlesex.

---



THE

SIXTEENTH REPORT

OF THE

COMMITTEE OF VISITORS

OF THE

County Lunatic Asylum at Hanwell.

JANUARY QUARTER SESSION, 1861.

---

LONDON:

PRINTED BY JOHN THOMAS NORRIS, ALDERSGATE STREET.

---

1861.

# Hanwell Lunatic Asylum, COMMITTEE OF VISITORS

APPOINTED JANUARY, 1860.

---

CHAIRMAN :

Sir ALEXANDER YOUNG SPEARMAN, Bart.

HENRY M. KEMSHEAD, Esq.; Westbourne Park, Paddington.  
JOHN S. BROOKING, Esq.; 3, Hyde Park Square.  
Sir ALEXANDER Y. SPEARMAN, Bart.; The Spring, Hanwell.  
P. NORTALL LAURIE, Esq.; 6, Park Square, Regent's Park.  
EDMUND HALSWELL, Esq.; 26, Kensington Gate, Hyde Park.  
Captain FRANCIS B. MORLEY; 14, Norland Place, Notting Hill.  
H. W. R. W. HALSEY, Esq.; 34, Norfolk Square, Hyde Park.  
H. HARWOOD HARWOOD, Esq.; 29, Cleveland Square.  
CHARLES HERBERT COTTERELL, Esq.; Hadley Lodge, Barnet (*deceased*).  
BENJAMIN JOHN ARMSTRONG, Esq.; 7, Upper Wimpole Street.  
Lieutenant-Colonel ELSEY; The Green, Great Ealing.  
JOSEPH PUGH, Esq.; 22, Cleveland-square, Hyde Park.  
HENRY BURSLEM, Esq.; 14, Kensington Gardens Terrace.  
JOHN R. HOGARTH, Esq.; Heston.  
W. C. L. BASHFORD, Esq.; Norwood House, Hounslow.  
GEORGE WOOD, Esq.; Hanger Hill, Acton.  
CHARLES LYALL, Esq.; 33, Westbourne Terrace.  
SAMUEL GREGSON, Esq., M.P.; 32, Upper Harley Street.

## Middlesex.

---

TO HER MAJESTY'S JUSTICES OF THE PEACE  
FOR THE COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX, IN GENERAL  
QUARTER SESSION ASSEMBLED.

---

*THE SIXTEENTH REPORT of the COM-  
MITTEE of VISITORS of the LUNATIC  
ASYLUM for the County of Middlesex, situate at  
Hanwell, being the Ninety-third since the com-  
mencement of the Asylum.*

THE Committee have much satisfaction in reporting to the Court that the whole of the Works undertaken to enlarge the Asylum have been finally completed during the year which has just expired. Those works have continued over a longer period of time than had been anticipated, owing, in some degree, to the nature as well as to the extent of the alterations and additions, and also to the difficulty of connecting the new Buildings with the old, so as to complete the harmony of the whole structure; completed as they now are, the Committee can refer with pleasure to the state and condition of this great Asylum, in all its arrangements, interior as well as exterior, by which accommodation of the most excellent kind has been provided for upwards of 1,700 of the pauper Lunatics of the County of Middlesex.

When these additions were first undertaken, it was in the belief that increased accommodation would be found for 600 Patients only; but it has been ascertained, during the progress of the Works, as has already been stated to the Court, that the number was under-estimated, and it is found, in point of fact, now they are terminated, that there is ample room for more than 700 Patients beyond the number which could formerly have been admitted.

In assigning to the several Wards the number of Patients which each Ward was fitted to receive, the Committee had to consider, 1st, what was due to the Patients received into the Asylum on account of health, cleanliness, and comfort, setting aside any fanciful opinions as to what the numbers ought to be; and 2nd, what was due to that large and greatly afflicted class throughout the County for whom it was so desirable that space should be found for their admission also.

On the one hand, it was necessary and right to have reference to the superficial and cubical contents of the Galleries, Day Rooms, Dormitories and other sleeping apartments, so as to prevent overcrowding; on the other, it was proper, indeed imperative, upon the Committee to take care that no arrangement should be sanctioned which, by unnecessarily restricting the numbers, would have a direct tendency to exclude Patients it was most desirable to admit, thus depriving them of the benefit expressly provided for them.

The Committee have never lost sight of these objects; and in fixing the number of Male Patients at 784, and that of the Female Patients at 959, together 1,743, before the Asy-



lum shall be declared full on either side, they believe they have faithfully performed that part of their duty.

While determining this point, the Committee have been careful to increase the number of reserved beds for recent cases. Twelve beds have been so set apart on each side of the Asylum, being double the number reserved before the alterations were commenced.

The total number of beds on the Male side being now 784, and on the Female side 959, while the corresponding numbers were formerly, 444 for Males and 605 for Females; the Court will see that it has provided further accommodation to the extent of 340 beds for Males and 354 for Females.

Some of the bills for the Expenditure are still outstanding, not having yet been certified by the Architect. When finally settled and paid, the Committee will prepare a detailed statement of the whole to be laid before the Court, having little doubt that the money already granted by the Court will be found to be sufficient to pay the whole.

The Commissioners in Lunacy made their annual statutory visit to the Asylum in the month of November, and recorded the result of their examination, carried on in great detail on the 12th, 13th, and 14th of that month, in an entry, copy of which will be found in the Appendix. Copy of the Minute of the Committee thereupon will likewise there be found.

The Commissioners in Lunacy having so fully detailed in that record the various other improvements effected by the Committee during the past year, the Court will probably agree with the Committee that it is unnecessary to set them

forth again in the body of this Report. It will, no doubt, be satisfactory to the Court to perceive the terms in which the Commissioners have expressed their opinion as to the state and condition in which they found the Asylum upon that occasion. Such, however, is the normal condition of this Asylum; and it is but just to all who, under the Committee, superintend and direct the management of this great Establishment, in all its details, and to whose constant and vigilant care so much is due, that the Committee should bear witness in the strongest terms to that unceasing devotion by which that state and condition is so steadily maintained.

In the month of May progress sufficient had been made in the works to justify the Committee in taking immediate steps to open the Additional Buildings for the reception of Patients; and accordingly a communication was addressed to every parish, and to every Board of Guardians, in the Western Division of the County, apprising them that every Patient throughout the whole district might at once be sent to the Asylum, and would be received without the usual formality of a previous application. To that appeal no great response was made, from which it was apparent, either that there were no great number of pauper Lunatics in that division of the County not already in the one or in the other of the two County Asylums; or that there was an indisposition on the part of some of the authorities to remove them from the Workhouses to the Asylum. The Committee are afraid that to a considerable extent that feeling has prevailed, and does prevail.

It was at the urgent desire of Her Majesty's Government, expressed by the Secretary of State, founded upon the strong recommendation of the Commissioners in Lunacy, as to the



entire inadequacy of the then existing Asylums to meet the wants of the County, and to the absolute necessity for erecting a third County Asylum, that the Court, while objecting on the strongest grounds to the erection of a third great Asylum, did consent to the very large, though much less considerable expenditure, which has actually been sanctioned. The expenditure having under these circumstances been incurred, and the accommodation provided, it would, indeed, be much to be lamented if the local authorities do really retain in the Workhouses Lunatic Patients for whose care and comfort provision has been made in the Asylum at so large an expense to the County.

The number of beds unoccupied in this Asylum on 31st December was 417; and the Committee believe that on the same day the number unoccupied at Colney Hatch was more than 200. It thus appears that upwards of 600 beds were unoccupied at the close of the year. Of two things, therefore, apparently one—either the County has been required unnecessarily to make a provision for pauper Lunatics altogether beyond the wants of the County; or, if the pauper Lunatics exist, then that they are not sent to the Asylums. The Committee believe that this last is the fact; and it is still more to be deplored, if, as is to be feared, the recent cases are kept in the Workhouses instead of being sent at once to the Asylum, because it is well known that when Patients are not placed in an Asylum as soon as possible after the lunacy becomes apparent, the chances of cure are greatly diminished.

The Committee having learned that there were in the Colney Hatch Asylum a very considerable number of Patients belonging to parishes in the Western Division of the County, while there were at the same time many Patients at

Hanwell whose parishes were in the Eastern Division, it was determined by the two Committees, in the interest of the Patients, and to give additional facilities for the visits of their respective friends, to effect an interchange from the one to the other. Under this arrangement 24 Males and 39 Females were removed from Hanwell to Colney Hatch; and 24 Males and 40 Females were removed from the latter to the former, due care being taken that no such removal should be made in any case without the fullest consideration by the Medical Officers to secure that there was no medical or other objection.

Under like arrangements the further number of 106 Female Patients belonging to parishes in the Western Division were brought from Colney Hatch to Hanwell, in order to relieve the former, and give to that Committee of Visitors the means of receiving additional Patients from parishes in the Eastern Division.

The total number of Patients admitted to this Asylum during the year has been 532, of which 175 were Males and 357 Females. There have been discharged 62 Males and 98 Females, (including those removed from Colney Hatch,) and there have died 58 Males and 54 Females.

For the particulars of these cases, and for much detailed interesting information in relation to the interior management of the Asylum, the Committee refer to the Reports which will be found in the Appendix from the Resident Medical Officers, the Chaplain, and the Matron.

In two or three cases, Patients have been brought from Parishes in a state of mechanical restraint, declared by the



Medical Officers at Hanwell to have been entirely unnecessary, a fact completely established by the conduct of the Patients when they reached the Asylum, and by their subsequent conduct within it. In one case, a Female Patient was sent unaccompanied by a female attendant. The Committee did not fail to remonstrate with the Parochial authorities in all these cases, and cannot too strongly express their hope that they may not, on any future occasion, have to refer to practices so highly objectionable.

The Committee regret to say that they have been under the necessity of dismissing two or three Male and Female Attendants for misconduct. They are happy, however, to state, that with these very few exceptions, the conduct of the whole of the very large body of Attendants and Nurses has been entirely satisfactory, and that the manner in which they have discharged very difficult duties, is fully deserving of praise.

In the early part of the year the Committee filled up the office of Assistant Medical Officer on the Male side, vacant by the resignation referred to in the Report of last year, under the circumstances therein adverted to. They selected for that situation Doctor Jepson, as in their opinion the best qualified among the large number of medical gentlemen who presented themselves as Candidates, many of them men of considerable attainments; and that gentleman continues to discharge the duties of the office to the entire satisfaction of the Committee.

Several Vacancies which have occurred among the Officers on the Female side have also been carefully filled up by the Committee, whose constant endeavour it is to secure the

services of such only as are well qualified for the trust.

The Committee cannot close their Report without advertising to the severe loss sustained by the Asylum in the death of Mr. Charles Herbert Cottrell. It is beyond the province of the Committee to say one word as to the loss thus sustained by other institutions of the County; but they desire to lay before the Court the following copy of their own minute on the subject, so far as this Asylum is concerned, which is in the following words:—" In placing upon their Minutes the  
 " record of an event which they deeply deplore, and by  
 " which they have been deprived of a colleague so highly  
 " esteemed by every member of the Committee, they could  
 " not do justice to themselves, or to his memory, if they did  
 " not express in the strongest terms, not alone their own  
 " deep regret, but also the sense they entertain of the loss  
 " which this Asylum has sustained by the death of Mr.  
 " Cottrell."

The other members who retire from the Committee to complete the six vacancies required by the Standing Order of the Court, are — Mr. Kemshead, Mr. Brooking, Mr. Laurie, Mr. Burslem, and Mr. Pugh.

A. Y. SPEARMAN, *Chairman.*

*Hanwell, Jan. 17, 1861.*

## APPENDICES.

---

	Page
1 Remarks and Observations entered in the Visiting-Book by the Commissioners in Lunacy . . . . .	13
2 Minute of the Committee on reading ditto . . . . .	23
3 Dr. Begley's Report . . . . .	25
4 Dr. Sanky's Report . . . . .	33
5 Chaplain's Report . . . . .	47
6 Matron's Report . . . . .	53
7 Farm and Garden, Report as to . . . . .	65
8 Engineer's Report . . . . .	69
9 Return of Admissions, Discharges, and Deaths in the Year . . . . .	75
10 Return of Admissions from <i>opening</i> of Asylum . . . . .	76
11 Employments. Total number employed in each Quarter . . . . .	77
12 List of Establishment and Salaries . . . . .	78
13 List of Contract Prices . . . . .	79
14 Average number of Officers and Patients Boarded at Expense of Establishment	80
15 Account Current for the Year . . . . .	81
16 Balance Sheet for the Year . . . . .	82
17 Income and Expenditure : : . . . . .	83
18 Adelaide Fund Account : : . . . . .	84
19 Quantity of Land and its Appropriation , , . . . . .	85
20 Farm and Garden Accounts . . . . .	86
21 Employment of Male Patients and estimated Value of Labour . . . . .	87
22 Ditto of Female Patients ditto . . . . .	88
23 Return of Clothing, &c., manufactured and made up by the Patients . . . . .	89
24 Ditto Clothing delivered out . . . . .	90
25 Ditto Clothing in Store . . . . .	91
26 Provisions consumed during the Year . . . . .	92
27 Ordinary Diet Table . . . . .	93
28 Sick and Extra Diet List. Male Side . . . . .	94
29 Ditto ditto Female Side , , . . . . .	95

## MEDICAL TABLES.

1 Form of Disease in the Cases admitted during the Year . . . . .	96
2 Combination of Mental Disease with Epilepsy . . . . .	97
3 Duration of Disorder in the 532 Cases admitted in the Year . . . . .	97
4 Causes of the Disorder in ditto . . . . .	98
5 Station or Occupation of ditto . . . . .	99



APPENDICES—MEDICAL TABLES.—(*continued.*)

6	Degrees of Education of the 532 Cases admitted in the Year . . . .	}	100
7	Proportion of the Married and Single of ditto . . . .		
8	Professed Religious Persuasions of ditto . . . .		
9 } 10 }	Age at time of First Attack, and of Admission to the Asylum . . . .		101
11	Causes of the Disorder in 57 Cases <i>discharged Cured</i> . . . .		102
12	Form of Disease in ditto ditto . . . .	}	103
13	Duration of Disease in ditto ditto . . . .		
14	Age of ditto ditto . . . .		
15	Time of Treatment ditto ditto . . . .		
16 } 17 } 18 } 19 }	Similar Tables in the Cases of the 112 Patients who have <i>Died</i> . . . .		104
20	Length of Time the 2,109 Patients, who have died from the opening of the Asylum, were under Treatment . . . .		105
21	Annual per Cent. of Cures and Deaths from opening . . . .		106
22	Causes of the 112 Deaths in the Year. . . .		107
23	Form of Diseases of 1,327 Patients now in Asylum . . . .		108
24	Duration of Insanity of ditto . . . .	}	109
25	Ages of ditto . . . .		
26	Length of Time ditto have been in Asylum . . . .		
	Messrs. Allen's Report . . . .		110
	Abstract of the Annual Returns of Pauper Lunatics . . . .		114



# ENTRY MADE BY THE COMMISSIONERS IN LUNACY

## IN THE VISITING BOOK OF THE ASYLUM.

HANWELL ASYLUM,  
14th November, 1860.

WE have, on the 12th and 13th instant, and this day, visited the Asylum, inspected its several Wards, Offices, and premises, and seen the Patients of both sexes resident therein.

Since the last visit of the Commissioners, on the 19th of November, 1859, the changes in the Patients have been as follows:—

	M.	F.	Total.
Admitted .....	172	350	522
Discharged .....	65	93	158
,, of whom recovered ...	24	34	58
Died .....	56	54	110

A considerable number of the Patients admitted, and some of those discharged not recovered, were transferred from one of the Middlesex Asylums to the other.

The assigned causes of death were as follow :—

	M.	F.	Total.
General Paralysis.....	14	5	19
Apoplexy .....	4	1	5
Phthisis.....	8	4	12
General Debility .....	10	14	24
Fracture of skull by fall in an } Epileptic Fit..... }	1	0	1
Other ordinary causes .....	19	30	49

The Patients on the Books are at present 1,312 in number, viz., 482 Males and 830 Females. Of the latter, five were absent on Trial at the time of our visits.

The Sanitary condition of the Asylum appears to be good, the numbers registered as under Medical treatment being now 26 on the Male side and 43 on the Female.

According to the latest Ward Returns, the Patients usefully employed are, in the Male division 207, and in the Female 453. Of the Males, 72 were employed upon the Farm and Land, and 45 in Trades; and of the Females, 199 were engaged in Needlework, 113 in the Laundry department, and 27 in the Kitchen and Bakehouse.

The Chapel attendance is as follows :—

	M.	F.	Total.
Sundays .....	190	285	475
Week-days .....	60	80	140

The paucity of Female Patients on week-days arises from the number working in the Laundry.

We are glad to be enabled to report that a considerable number of the Patients of both sexes take regular exercise on the extended walks, which have recently been completed upon the Land connected with each division. Parties of 40 or 50 of the Females, including imbeciles and some refractory, walk round daily, and nearly all the Patients on Sundays.

The Patients of both sexes meet for recreation in the General Hall, on Monday evenings, and parties of the Female Patients assemble for the same purpose every evening in the Visiting Room.

The arrangements and regulations for the visits of Friends are very satisfactory.

The Friends of Male Patients are allowed to visit them on Tuesdays and Fridays, from 10 to 3 o'clock; and those of Female Patients on Mondays, Tuesdays, Wednesdays, and Fridays from 10 till 12. No one is ever refused admission on his or her first visit, or in case of dangerous illness, and every one visiting for the first time is furnished with a Card of Instructions. The names of Visitors and the Patients visited are recorded by the Gate Porter.

The Returns by the Night Attendants, two in each division, are made upon a very good system, and from these we collect the following particulars:—

	M.	F.	Total
Wet at night—not dirty .....	28	44	72
Wet and dirty.....	14	10	24

With the exception of a few of the worst class who were excited and noisy, the Patients of both sexes when we visited

their wards, were tranquil and orderly, and none complained to us of their treatment.

On each of the three days of our visits we saw the Patients at dinner, and found it very good and ample, well cooked, and properly served.

The additions and alterations in the buildings are completed. The new Female Wards, generally, are furnished and comfortable. On the Male side, Furniture and Fittings have yet to be provided.

The staff of Attendants has, since the last visit, been increased by 7 in the Male division and 16 in the Female.

Amongst other improvements in the Asylum and arrangements, since our last visit, we have to report:—

1. The construction of broad gravelled walks round the new field for Female Patients.

2. The substitution of a good brick wall for the dilapidated wood fence, on the Female side, along the Uxbridge Road.

3. The removal of walls in the West centre Basement, and the substitution of boarded floors for those of brick.

4. We have satisfaction in reporting, that the Attendants have been encouraged to an active discharge of their duties by an advance in their wages.

The Male Attendants are divided, as respects Wages, into



six classes, the first receiving £21 per annum, and the sixth £30. The Upper Attendant of each Ward has £5 per annum in addition to the ordinary scale; and each Attendant, after a period of six months' probation, is allowed a suit of Clothes every eight months.

The ordinary Wages of the Nurses commence at £15, and rise, by £1 annually, to £20. Each Nurse having charge of a Ward receives £3 per annum in addition.

5. The formation towards the South, in each division, of a large Airing Ground, which is well laid out, turfed, and planted.

6. The introduction into several of the Day Rooms of oval dining-tables of moderate size, and suitable chairs, which we think much preferable to forms.

The several Wards and Rooms, and Beds and Bedding, at the times of our visits, were clean and in proper order. The Female Wards, to which, as respects new furniture and fittings, attention has first been given, presented a much improved aspect.

In reference to the observations and suggestions of the last Visiting Commissioners, we have to report as follows:—

1. The ticken dresses, with straps and locks, have been diminished in number, more especially on the Female side.

2. Mat-making, weaving matting, basket-making, and straw-plaiting, have not yet been introduced.

4. Plans have been prepared for the enlargement of the Chapel, so as to accommodate 1,200 Patients, in lieu of 600 as at present.

5. The Night Attendants have now ready means of communication with the Medical Officers.

6. No steps have been taken, so far as we were informed, towards carrying out the recommendation of the employment of Women as Nurses to the sick, or otherwise, on the Male side.

7. A stove has been placed in the new Female Ward for 12 Patients.

8. The vacancy in the Medical Department on the Male side has been filled up by the appointment of Dr. Jephson.

9. Regulations, of which we have been furnished with a copy, and which appear to us judicious, have been prepared by the Committee, for the guidance, and defining the duties, of the Assistant Medical Officers.

In consequence of some observations contained in the Minute of the Committee relative to our last Report as to the last two matters, we have, by inquiry, satisfied ourselves of the substantial correctness of our statements.

We proceed to recommend to the earliest attention of the Committee the following matters, as essentially involving the comfort and benefit of the Patients :—

1. The construction of a wide and safe Staircase, in lieu of

the narrow and dangerous stairs with winders, leading from Ward No. 12 on the Male side to the Basement, and which at present forms the only means of access to No. 2 Airing Court, for the inmates of Wards 4, 5, 6, 7, and 12, containing altogether nearly 120 Patients. We were informed that in March last a Patient on this staircase, pushed down by another, sustained a concussion, from which he died. We are glad to learn that a plan has been prepared for an external Staircase, which would occupy partly the site of the present Foul Washhouse, &c.

2. The substitution of boards for flags in the Male Epileptic Ward No. 2. We are the more induced to press this suggestion, in consequence of two Patients having recently sustained injuries by falls upon the flags, one of which terminated fatally, and the other caused a fracture of the jaw-bone.

3. The affixing of Handrails to Staircases.

4. The introduction of a fireplace, or stove, in the Eastern Sleeping Room of the Male Night Attendant in Ward 3.

5. More comfortable accommodation for the Attendants, in lieu of the small single Sleeping Rooms at present occupied by them. We may specially refer to the Attendants of the Male Wards, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 12.

6. Further ventilation, by louvres in the roofs, or otherwise, of the general Bath Rooms.

7. Better ventilation of the smaller Dormitories in some Wards, several of which are much overcrowded, and single



Rooms where deficient. We may point out as instances of defective ventilation a four-bedded Room in the Basement Ward No. 1 on the Male side, a five-bedded Room in Ward 13 on the same side, and the single Rooms in Ward No. 2, which have no openings over the doors.

8. The enlargement of the Male Airing Court No. 2, by the removal of the wall dividing it from Court 3, and by enclosing, in addition, a portion of the adjoining garden. Court No. 2 is very confined and cheerless, and common to Wards 4, 5, 6, 7, and 12, containing nearly 120 Patients. The proposed removal of the Foul Washhouse, consequent upon the construction of the new Staircase, will materially improve this Court.

9. A similar extension of the corresponding Airing Court on the Female side, by the removal of the Southern Division wall, which has, we understand, been determined on.

10. The planting of a belt of trees, or hedge, to shelter the Male Airing Court attached to Ward No. 1, from the N. and N.E. winds, the inmates of the Ward referred to being many of them infirm and feeble.

11. The opening of windows in the South walls of the Workshops.

12. A further supply and better system of distribution of illustrated and other entertaining publications.

We also submit for consideration—

1. The opening of a Door and construction of a Porch



(previously recommended), connecting the new Male Day Room and the Kitchen Garden.

2. The appointment of a Second Assistant Medical Officer on the Female side, in consequence of the greatly increased number of Patients.

The medical and other Records continue to be well and carefully kept.

R. W. S. LUTWIDGE,

S. GASKELL,

*Commissioners in Lunacy.*



M I N U T E  
OF THE  
COMMITTEE OF VISITORS  
ON READING THE COMMISSIONERS' ENTRY IN  
VISITING BOOK.

---

THE Committee have before them the Asylum Visiting Book, in which the Commissioners in Lunacy have recorded their opinion as to the satisfactory state and condition in which they found the Asylum on their statutory Annual Visit on the 12th, 13th, and 14th November last; have pointed out the various alterations and improvements which have been made by the Committee since their last visit for the care and well-being of the Patients; and have offered various suggestions and recommendations for the consideration of the Committee;—and it is Resolved, that the Commissioners in Lunacy be informed that the Committee will have the various suggestions and recommendations under their full and careful consideration at an early period; and will in the meanwhile take such steps, give such directions, and call for such information beyond what they already possess, as will enable them to determine how far it will be desirable to adopt and act upon them.





REPORT  
OF  
THE MEDICAL SUPERINTENDENT  
OF  
THE MALE DEPARTMENT.

---

THERE were four hundred and thirty Patients in the division of the Asylum set apart for Males at the end of the year 1859. One hundred and seventy-five were admitted during the year 1860, making together six hundred and five. Eighteen were discharged recovered, twenty improved, twenty-four not improved, and fifty-eight died, leaving four hundred and eighty-five under care at the commencement of the present year.

The average number resident during the last year was four hundred and sixty-four.

*Admissions.*—Eleven of the Patients admitted had been previously under treatment in this Institution, seven of them once, three twice, and one three times: nine of them when discharged were recovered; the remaining two improved.

The disease was uncomplicated in ninety-three of the cases of admission, assuming the form of Mania in forty-seven, that of Melancholia in eighteen, of Imbecility in twenty-seven, and of Dementia in one. It was complicated in fifty-nine cases, General Paralysis being associated with Mania in eleven instances, with Melancholia in two, with Imbecility

in twenty-six, and with Dementia in two ; Epilepsy was combined with Mania in six cases, with Melancholia in one, and with Imbecility in eleven ; there was also a case of Idiocy with Epilepsy.

Besides these ordinary modes of combination of mental malady with physical disease, there occurred the less common union of Imbecility with Chorea in one case, and with Paraplegia in another, and a double complication of General Paralysis and Epilepsy with a case of Mania.

Disposition to Suicide was alleged, in the certificates sent with the Patients to the Asylum, to exist in nineteen cases ; four of them were of Mania, one of Mania with General Paralysis, nine of Melancholia, two of Melancholia with General Paralysis, one of Mania with Epilepsy, two of Imbecility with Epilepsy. Although such statements in the certificates do not always prove to be correct, they invariably lead to increased vigilance on the part of the attendants, without the objects of it being conscious that they are under more close observation than others, The allegations are often found to arise from alarm taken by the affrighted relatives at some vague language uttered or purposeless act done by the sufferer previously to removal from home, or from the parochial officials being scared at an attempt to escape from the work-house being made by the Patient perhaps through a high window or in some other perilous way. It was ascertained, however, that several of those admitted during the year, and said to be Suicidal, had attempted self-destruction by suspension, and some by other means ; that one had taken poison for that purpose ; and two were received with wounds in their throats self-inflicted.

The bodily health of the admitted Patients was for the



most part good, but many were noticed on their arrival at the Asylum to be thin, pale, and feeble ; several were found to have sores on the sacrum, legs and arms ; some had extensive cutaneous eruptions ; more than one was observed with a black eye, together with bruises on the trunk and limbs ; and three were received with marks on the wrists and ankles, as if of restraints : these appearances, formerly of common occurrence, are now happily rarely met with, and are always mentioned to the Committee. who communicate with the parish authorities respecting them, and inquire into their causes.

The history of the disease could not be investigated in all the cases admitted, as a large proportion of the Patients were not visited by their friends ; but in those who were visited it was discovered that the invasion of the disorder was only in a few instances of recent date ; its duration was in most cases of very long standing. For the same reason the causes of the malady could not be learned ; they were traced, however, as far as it was possible to examine into them, to be, as heretofore, of the kind designated “moral,” such as grief at the death of relatives, fretting at disappointments and losses, &c. In several instances Intemperance was superadded to these, and in some Hereditary Disposition existed also. Intemperance as the only cause was found more than usually prevalent, but Hereditary Disposition was still more so.

*Discharges.*—Of the eighteen Patients who left the Asylum recovered, seven had been ill only one month prior to admission ; three, three months ; one, six months ; two, eighteen months ; one, two years ; the duration of the disorder in the remaining four is not known. Seventeen of them were under treatment here for periods varying from

one to ten months, being an average of five months for each; one was resident upwards of eight years. Twenty-four of these discharged as improved and not improved were transferred to Colney Hatch Asylum, in the hope that their relatives living in the Northern and Eastern districts of the metropolis might more easily visit them at that Institution than at this. Five were confided to the care of friends; and fifteen, not chargeable to Middlesex, were removed to the Asylums of the Counties to which they were adjudicated.

*Deaths.*—Thirty-four of the deaths were caused by General Paralysis, Apoplexy, and Epilepsy; other affections having supervened in some of the cases. Eleven were attributable to General Debility, four to Pulmonary Consumption, four to exhaustion after Mania: the fatal termination occurring in these—ten days, sixteen days, twenty days, and seven weeks after admission respectively. There was one death from Inflammation of the Colon; one from Gangrenous Ulcer of the Face and Necrosis of the Submaxillary Bone; one from Peritonitis, consequent upon Rupture four days after admission of an Unilocular Cyst attached to the Liver; one from Ulceration and Perforation of the Duodenum two days after admission; one from Fracture of the Skull caused by a fall in a fit of Epilepsy.

Inquests were holden in five cases.

*First.*—In that of a Patient about fifty years of age, who on admission was affected with Imbecility, in combination with General Paralysis in an advanced stage, and in whom after death, twelve weeks subsequently, the Sternum and four Ribs were found to be fractured. There was not a bruise or any mark of violence on the chest externally, but the frac-

tures had every appearance of being recent; they were probably not of longer duration than a fortnight. The verdict returned was, "Death from General Paralysis."

*Second.*—Also that of a Paralysed Patient, aged about fifty, who died suddenly of Disease of the Heart a week after admission. The verdict was, "Disease of the Heart and Congestion of the Lungs."

*Third.*—A Patient, aged about forty, labouring under an attack of Acute Mania, complicated with General Paralysis, who in going down stairs to the Airing Court was struck by another Patient, causing a fall; symptoms of Concussion of the Brain set in: the case terminated fatally on the eighth day after admission. The verdict was, "Congestion of Blood in the Brain, whether caused by a blow or an accidental fall not evidence to prove."

*Fourth.*—An Epileptic Patient, aged sixty-eight, who was found dead in his room, lying on his face on the floor; he had been twenty-eight years in the Asylum and forty-two years insane. The verdict was, "Softening of the Base of the Brain."

*Fifth.*—An Epileptic Patient, aged about fifty, resident one year in the Asylum, who sustained a fracture of the Temporal Bone, extending along its entire course from the Squamous to the Petrous portion, by falling in a fit on the floor of his Ward. The verdict was, "Sanguineous Apoplexy from Fracture of the Skull caused by a fall in an Epileptic Fit." This Patient when he fell had not on the straw-hat with padded rim recommended by Dr. Boyd to be worn by Epileptics to prevent injuries from falls in their



fits. Another Epileptic in the same Ward fell on his side in a fit with the hat on a few days before, causing fracture of the ramus of the lower jaw; from which it would seem, that though the hat is generally sufficient to protect the head from injury, it is not always efficient as regards the face.

Many of the deceased had attained the sixtieth year of their age, several the seventieth, and some were approaching the eightieth. The duration of the insanity in these ranged from twenty to upwards of forty years; and the period of their residence in the Asylum from seventeen to twenty-eight years.

Occupation continues to claim attention as a remedial agent. Several Patients are daily employed in the grounds, farm, garden, workshops, and store-room, and with the best results. Happily no untoward event has occurred throughout the year from the use of implements of husbandry, or the tools of artizans put into their hands during the hours of labour. Since the appointment of a Medical Assistant at the Male side of the Asylum, the practice of mustering for inspection all these Patients every morning before going out to work has been adopted; some have been occasionally sent back as temporarily unfit to be intrusted with instruments capable of being used as dangerous weapons. Dr. Jepson has performed this and all the other duties of his office with punctuality and diligence.

Regard has also been paid to amusements. Besides the weekly ball in the winter months, parties have been made to Kew and Hampton Court. Eighty-three Patients, too, have taken walks about the neighbourhood ninety-three times, in

sets varying from five to ten on each occasion; and one was allowed to visit his relatives in London in care of an Attendant.

Seclusion was practised in the cases of forty-seven Patients; the instances of seclusion were one hundred and thirty-seven; the time spent in seclusion was two hundred and eighty-seven hours and eight minutes, being an average of about two hours and five minutes to each seclusion.

First Quarter ..	20 instances.	Duration	39 hours	55 minutes.
Second „ ..	32 „	Duration	50 „	31 „
Third „ ..	59 „	Duration	175 „	42 „
Fourth „ ..	26 „	Duration	21 „	
<hr/>		<hr/>		
137 instances.		Duration	287 hours	8 minutes.

The Attendants have generally conducted themselves well, and behaved, as usual, with kindness and forbearance towards the Patients. They have been anxiously and ably guided and encouraged in the performance of their duties by the efficient Chief Attendants, Mr. Blencowe and Mr. Martin.

The Statistical Tables, earefully drawn up by Mr. Willson, are appended as heretofore.

W. C. BEGLEY.

*Hanwell, January 14th, 1861.*





# REPORT

OF

THE MEDICAL SUPERINTENDENT

OF

THE FEMALE DEPARTMENT.

---

THE year that has past presents several remarkable exceptions to the usual routine of events occurring in the annals of the Asylum. The enlargement of the Building going on during portions of the last three years has been drawn to a close, and the Additional Wards have now all been opened for the reception of Patients. At the commencement of the present year the Female Department accommodated 637 Patients, and at the close of the year 842 were under treatment, and there is still ample accommodation for additional Patients.

During the past year 357 new Patients were admitted. 146 of these were received from Colney Hatch Asylum, and were chargeable to parishes in the Western districts of Middlesex; they consisted for the most part of Patients recently admitted into that Asylum from various licensed Metropolitan Private Asylums, and who, in nearly every instance, had been insane many years, and nearly all of them are incurable. Nine of the total number admitted were Patients removed from some other County Asylum, and 33 of the gross number had been under treatment in an Asylum for

the insane at some former period of their lives, and had been discharged cured. One hundred and sixty-nine of the Patients received it is believed are affected with insanity for the first time.

The age of the Patients at the time of their admission, so far as it could be learned, is given in Table X. of the Appendix, and the age of the new Patients at the time of the first onset of the disease is recorded in Table IX. In Table X. we learn that the age was ascertained in 134 cases of the 357 received; of these, 74 were above 35 years of age, and the largest number, or 1-6th of the whole, were between 35 and 40; while by Table IX. we find that the largest number and nearly in the same proportion, or 1-6th, were attacked by the disease between the ages of 25 and 30. Again, 103 of the 134 were attacked between the ages of 15 and 50, and nearly the same number of the whole (106) were admitted between 20 and 55 years of age; the average age at the time of attack was rather under 35 (34.66), and the average age on admission was 37.31. So that the average time between the commencement of disease and admission was nearly 3 years. In examining the statistical Tables, it is however necessary to bear in mind, that the materials from which they are formed relate to a portion only of the cases admitted. Out of the 357 Patients received, reliable accounts have been gathered from 134 only with respect to the simple matter of the Patient's age, and the information in this particular, as in every other, does by no means equally or fairly relate to all descriptions of patients received. The history of the disease is more frequently obtained in recent cases than in the more chronic. Out of 198 received direct from other Asylums, and therefore composed chiefly of chronic cases, the histories have been

ascertained of 44 only, or of 2-9ths of the whole ; while; of the rest, or 159 cases, received from the Patients' homes and which are therefore more largely composed of new cases, the histories have been obtained in 90, or in the proportion of about 5-9ths of the whole. It is provided by the Act that certain particulars connected with the medical history of the Patient should be given with the order for the admission. This information is to be obtained by the Relieving Officer, who seldom takes such a scientific interest in the matter as to weigh with any nicety the truth of the particulars reported to him, and the consequence is, that often great inaccuracies exist in the statements thus made. These remarks apply by no means to all ; but, since they are applicable to any, it is better for scientific purposes that no information thus received should be absolutely relied upon, until its correctness is more carefully investigated. All the facts embraced by the statistics appended have therefore been carefully examined and collected by myself. As an example of the inaccuracies that would arise if conclusions were based upon information given by the Relieving Officer, the following specimen may be cited, and which was received during the past year. In the case alluded to, there were errors in both Christian and Surname, the initial letter in the latter being wrong ; the age of the Patient was stated to be 26 : I learned from the parents she was 21. She was stated by the Relieving Officer to be of the Church of England : Her parents say she is a Baptist. The attack is stated to be the first and of a few days duration, while she had been Epileptic for 14 years : Her parents stated that she had been under treatment in the Workhouse for at least 3 or 4 months about 18 months prior to her admission here, at which time she threatened suicide, was violent, and ' smashed in the door with a poker—so that if the attack was of a few days' dura-



tion, she must have been considered cured on her discharge from the Workhouse, in which case the present would be the second, instead of the first attack as stated. Or if she were not cured on discharge from the Workhouse, but only relieved—the present attack must be of 18 months' duration at least, instead of 'a few days.' Again, if the attack was of 'a few days' duration only, then what follows on the order is incorrect, viz.—that she was Epileptic, Suicidal, and dangerous, for she had exhibited none of these conditions for some time prior to her admission.

The causes of the disease in those admitted during the past year (Table IV.) were investigated in 140 cases. In 29 of them no cause could be assigned. The disease was traceable to the influence of moral causes—as Grief, Disappointed Affections, Anxiety, &c., in 51 instances, and to physical causes, as Epilepsy, Intemperance, &c., in 50; and there was Hereditary Predisposition to Insanity in 29 of the whole.

The form of the disease in those admitted (Table I. App.) was Mania, variously complicated, in 233 cases; Melancholy in 38, Imbecility in 82; and 4 Patients were Moribund on admission. Fifty-nine of the 233 affected with Mania, ten of those with Melancholia, and seven of those who were Imbecile on admission, were reported to be Suicidal—making a total of 76 Patients out of 357 admitted, which is probably a great exaggeration of the real state of the case. The law requires that the Relieving Officers should report any Suicidal tendency in the order of admission, and a moral responsibility would rest upon a person neglecting to give such important information. It would appear that this obligation induces the Relieving Officer to insert the word "Suicidal," on the slightest excuse, to relieve himself from any blame should a

suicide occur. The frequency of such report has a tendency to lessen its importance in cases of real apprehension. In thirteen cases General Paralysis was combined with the disease, and was connected with Mania in two cases, three of which were also Suicidal; and with Imbecility in three, in one of which the disease was further complicated with Epilepsy. Thirty of the 357 Patients admitted were subject to Epilepsy (Table II.), combined with Mania in 13 cases, and with Imbecility in 17. Six of the cases were reported to be Suicidal, and one was also affected with General Paralysis.

The duration of the disease on admission has been ascertained in 137 cases out of 357 admitted (Table III.). In 31 out of the 137, the disease had not existed more than one month, and 48 (or nearly 1-3rd of the whole) were sent to the Asylum within three months of the commencement of the disease, and nearly one-half within the first year. As already explained, however, the facts are far more readily gleaned from the fresh cases, and 220 out of 357, the date of the commencement of the malady has not been obtained, and among them are a large number of incurable cases of long standing.

With respect to the social position (Table V.) the Patients admitted may be described to be from nearly all ranks of society; and probably a much larger proportion of well educated are received at Hanwell than into any other County Asylum. About 1-8th of the whole are entirely illiterate, while among the rest are many who have moved in respectable society, many who have been carefully educated, and not a few highly accomplished.

Among the admissions are several instances of re-admission,

after very recent discharge. The following are deserving of mention:—

S. C. R. was discharged on 29th March, after having been absent one month on trial. She was re-admitted on June 4th. Her first admission was in June, 1859. Her insanity was caused by the shock produced by the suicide of her husband. When admitted, her mind seemed greatly impaired, she was in a state of imbecility. She was not depressed, but her expression was vacant; her memory much affected. She had forgotten how to read. She alluded freely to her husband's death. She had been married some years; was originally an intelligent person, and had a superior education for her station, which was lowly. She gradually recovered her intellects, but displayed unequivocally the symptoms of Incipient General Paralysis. After a period these subsided, and we had ample proof of her intelligence. She wrote an excellent hand, was a good needlewoman, and was always usefully employed. Her mental faculties appeared restored for several months, before the signs of General Paralysis began to diminish. Her friends, who were unable to appreciate the nice distinctions of such signs of disease, made frequent applications for her discharge, and at length, after the Paralysis had not been appreciable for a considerable period, she was discharged on probation. She returned to the Asylum at the end of the month, and no symptoms of Paralysis being discoverable, and an excellent account being given of her conduct while away, by the relatives with whom she had been, she received her final discharge on the 29th March, 1860. She was brought back on June 4th, in a state of Mania, the Paralysis in a very aggravated form, and she died on June 15th, or eleven days after admission.



A second case, E. H., may be described almost in the same terms, with the fortunate omission of the same termination. E. H. had been in the Asylum since April, 1858. She was at that date affected with Mania, and reported to be Suicidal; the disease was attributed to intemperance. She had been in prison shortly before her admission. Her maniacal symptoms subsided in about three months. She showed symptoms of commencing General Paralysis; these at one time were very marked, and she became very indolent, and somewhat imbecile. These symptoms gradually subsided, and about the summer of 1859 she was again willing to employ herself, and the indications of the Paralysis became from that time gradually less, but for a long time were still obvious to a practised observer. By the spring of the present year, they had perfectly subsided, and after watching the case for several months, and without detecting any disposition to Paralysis, and her mind being apparently quite natural, she was discharged on probation, in July last. On her return to the Asylum in company with her brother, with whom she had resided during the month, she appeared still free from any symptoms of the disease, and was discharged in August. She was brought back and re-admitted on September 8th, with her mental disease greatly aggravated, and the Paralysis again well marked.

Another case of admission deserving of comment was that of E. J., admitted December 6th. This Patient was in the service of the Asylum as an Attendant. She became insane about the commencement of November. Her father is a lunatic, and confined in the Bucks County Asylum, in which Institution E. J. herself had been also a Patient. The circumstance of her liability to Insanity was concealed by her when she presented herself in the usual way to be hired.



She had been appointed but a few months, when she was seized with a relapse of her malady. She was removed to the Bucks Asylum in December.

*Discharges.*—The total number of Female Patients discharged during 1860 was 152—that is, by death in 54 cases, and by recovery or removal in 98.

*Deaths.*—Of the 54 Patients who died, the age (Table XVIII.) was known in 38 cases only. Of these, 9 were above 70 years of age; 17 above 60; 25 above 50; and 13 under 50.

The time under treatment of those who died (Table XIX.) was for periods less than one year in 27 cases, or exactly one half. Ten of the Patients had been resident more than 20 years. The rate of mortality calculated on the average number of Patients resident was 7.5 per cent., the average number resident for the year being 717.

The cause of Death was connected with the original disease, or Insanity, in 27 cases out of 54; and unconnected with the malady, in 28.

In the former division of causes, Apoplexy was the cause of death in 1; General Paralysis in 6; Mania in the active stage in 6; Melancholia in 3; General Debility induced by Disease of the Brain in 4; Epilepsy in 6; Tumour of the Brain in 1. In the other class of causes Pneumonia occurred and proved fatal in 4 Patients; 4 died of Consumption; 4 of old age; 2 died of Typhoid Fever; 1 of Erysipelas; 1 of Hernia and Disease of Heart. Pleurisy and Dropsy were among the principal causes of Death of the remainder.

Among the Deaths there were 2 somewhat sudden. One Patient, M. A. H., suffering from Epithelial Cancer, affecting the air passages, was found dead in her bed, lying tranquilly but with the bed-clothes slightly removed, as if she had made an effort to rise. She had suffered from the disease for a long period; her age was 52, and she had been blind for many years.—Another Patient, E. S., and who had been an inmate of the Asylum 28 years, and was 80 years of age, and who was also blind, was found dead in her bed on the 24th April. For several years past, this Patient alternated between a state of excitement and one of great depression; in the former condition she used to sing, abuse, and laugh by turn; then she became, after several weeks, depressed, taciturn, and would keep her bed, and while in this state ate very sparingly; she was in the stage of depression when she died, her great age and sparing nourishment probably were combined in producing the result.

Of the other discharges 39 were discharged cured; 4 by the request of friends, and 55 were removed to other Asylums, of which number 40 were sent to Colney Hatch Asylum.

The proportion of discharges by recovery amounted to 5.85 per cent. on the average number resident.

Thirty-two of the 39 Patients discharged were first absent on trial for one month, and one of these was absent for a second month, prior to final discharge. The seven who were discharged without the probationary month were those whose friends lived at a great distance from the Asylum. Five other Patients were discharged on probation only, and at the end of the month were not found to be in a satisfac-

tory condition for final discharge. One of them was allowed to be absent a second month, but all eventually returned and remain still under treatment in the Asylum. Of these five, two were Patients who had apparently recovered from symptoms of Insanity and General Paralysis, but who, like the cases already mentioned among the re-admissions, speedily relapsed; and one of these, S. E., returned at the end of the month with Paralysis, so greatly aggravated, that for a period her life was in imminent peril: this Patient was always of temperate habits. Another, who is said to be addicted to habits of intemperance, was absent two months on trial, relapsed into bad habits, and returned with the symptoms of Paralysis increased.

These cases, complicated with General Paralysis, frequently present features of great difficulty. It is the nature of such cases to ebb and flow between life and death, and the mind not unfrequently greatly improves for a while, leaving only traces of Muscular Paralysis, and which requires a practised eye to discover it; yet this indication of the diseased brain is sufficient to show that all the mental symptoms are only in abeyance. This state sometimes lasts sufficiently long to lead the unpractised observer to believe that the cure is complete, and the friends frequently are very importunate that the Patient should be at once discharged; and not only the friends, but parish authorities, medical men and others, show an indisposition to be convinced that the Patient is not unjustly detained in the Asylum. Besides the cases of this description already enumerated, (one of which was actually discharged, and who returned and terminated speedily by death, and the two who relapsed while absent on probation,) another case is that of a Patient who was, while in this stage, removed to another Asylum, from which she



was soon after discharged ; and one with symptoms closely resembling them was absent on probation for a third time at the close of the year. This Patient, affected with Paralysis at one period in a very marked degree, made more than one appeal to the Commissioners in Lunacy, who, on her last appearance before them, expressed their opinion that she was completely recovered, and she has been recently discharged. Fatal as this form of the disease frequently is, rare exceptions to its rapid termination do present themselves. Three Patients discharged by me, one two years ago, and two 18 months ago, are still alive ; but one of the three is again in an Asylum for the Insane.

Among the Patients removed at the request of friends during the past year, was one who was transferred to a private Asylum, having inherited a sufficient income to maintain herself in an establishment of that kind. Another Patient was removed by the husband for the following reasons :— The case occurred in May, and it may be given to illustrate the hardship that many poor persons similarly situated are subjected to. A man, who was a native of Oxfordshire, removed to London many years ago, and worked there at his trade of shoemaker. He married a native of London, whose relations resided in her own locality. Several children were born in London ; and about 10 years after marriage the wife became insane, and was sent in a state of Religious Melancholy to this Asylum. In due course the adjudication of the Patient was made to the husband's parish in Oxfordshire, and application was made for the Patient's removal to Oxford. The husband and children frequently visited the Patient while she was in this Asylum ; but the distance of Oxford from his employment precluded the possibility of his being able to visit her at the Oxford Asylum. Finding that he



could not resist the order for the removal of his wife, the husband made an application to the Committee that she might be given up to his own charge; to which the Committee consented, the usual undertaking being given by the husband.

The ages of the Patients who recovered (Table XIV.) were ascertained in 28 cases, in 14 of whom it was under 20 years. Thirty-five of the 39 discharged cured were less than one year under treatment. The duration of the disease was ascertained in 24 cases only of those who recovered, and of these 20 were cured within the first six months of the disease. These facts again demonstrate the necessity of early remedial measures in all cases of Insanity—a circumstance frequently insisted upon before, but still requiring repetition; for a large number of Patients are still received only at an advanced period of the malady.

The changes that have occurred among the female Patients during the past year may be thus summed up:—

Remaining in the Asylum, Dec. 31, 1859 . . . .	637
--	-----

Admitted during the year 1860 . . . . .	357
---	-----

Total . . . . .	994
-----------------	-----

Discharged cured or removed . . . . .	98
---------------------------------------	----

„ by death . . . . .	54
----------------------	----

Remaining in the Asylum, Dec. 31, 1860 . . . .	842
--	-----

Total . . . . .	994
-----------------	-----

There have been six instances of escape among the female Patients during the year. In every case the desire of getting away appeared to be due to restlessness induced by the disease, and not to any preconceived wish to be free from the restraint of residence in an Asylum. One Patient only pursued a direction towards home. This Patient was an Imbecile, and without the power of premeditating a means of escape. She passed beyond the Asylum grounds unobserved, and probably unintentionally, and her relatives living in the neighbourhood she naturally strayed homeward.

Among the improvements in matters of detail of late introduction, there is one which I deem of great value in a medical point of view : this is the formation of a footpath around a field of 19 acres on the Female side of the Asylum grounds. This walk, which completely encircles the field, encroaches but little on the parts in cultivation, and constitutes an Airing Ground far superior to any walled-in court. The Imbecile Patients are now conducted around this field morning and afternoon whenever the weather will permit. They walk two by two ; so that they are in exercise during the whole time they are in the air. The disposition of this class of Patients to inactivity of every kind, induces them while in the ordinary Airing Courts to sit about in a listless condition ; and to exercise them in the same way in the ordinary courts, the Patients would have to perambulate the court round and round many times to obtain the same amount of exercise. The field, too, not being surrounded by a high wall, but by an ordinary hedge, the view of the country around serves to arouse the Patients' attention.

Other classes of Patients also occasionally enjoy the advantages of this walk, and the more intelligent are greatly

pleased by the change that it affords. The entertainments for the Patients have been continued, as in former years. The weekly ball during the winter months has been more than usually well attended.

W. H. O. SANKEY.

# Hanwell Lunatic Asylum.

---

## CHAPLAIN'S REPORT

TO THE

COMMITTEE OF VISITORS.

GENTLEMEN,

The past year has been an anomalous one in respect to the Asylum. The large number of Patients admitted, of whom a very great proportion were drafted hither from Colney Hatch, in considerable detachments, has rendered it a matter of great difficulty to keep up an acquaintance with the names and persons of the inmates, and one almost of impossibility to master their history; indeed, of very many, nothing is known of their antecedents, beyond the circumstance of their having been in one or more private Asylums previously to their removal to Colney Hatch. The opening of new Wards consequent upon the completion of the additions to that Asylum, has also caused, necessarily, many changes in the warding of the Patients, which in creatures of habit, such as are many of the Insane, was productive for the time of uneasy feelings, which militated in a measure against the performance of my duties. This state of things,



however, is gradually subsiding, and as the admissions henceforth will probably be in the ordinary way, I hope to be able to regain, and keep up, that general acquaintance with the Patients, and knowledge of their cases, which I have hitherto possessed.

I have been able myself to perform Divine Service, twice on each Sunday (three Sundays excepted, on which I was absent from home, and the duties were performed by a friend), and I am happy to say that for general quietness and attention, and in very many instances intelligent devotion, our congregations could scarcely be surpassed. The attendance has increased from an average of 110 men in the preceeding year, to more than 200 this year; and from 230 to 300 women. As this last number, together with the proportionate complement of Officers and Nurses, more than filled the Female side of the Chapel, I allotted, temporarily, with the approbation of the Medical authorities, about thirty Sittings on the Male side to the female patients. As from various causes it appears that the men cannot be so closely packed together as the women, both sides of the Chapel are relatively full. Should more space be wanted, I believe I am right in saying, that your Committee, as the necessity arises, intend making such arrangements as will meet the case.

The administration of the Holy Communion, at each quarter, has been a source of consolation to many of the Patients, though I have to regret that the mistaken views of the Ordinance, to which I have had occasion to allude in former years, operate so strongly, that many are deprived of a source of strength and comfort most needed by them. In some few instances, in which I have been instrumental in removing the scruples, or strengthening the faith, the result has been a

very pleasing testimony to the good effect conveyed through the ordinance. The numbers on my list at the quarterly celebrations, were 63, 69, 63, and 73; exclusive of some few others, to whom, from various causes, the administration has been a more private one. At each recurring celebration, I have noticed the absence of some who had been present at the previous one; some had been discharged, but death for which they had been preparing, had taken away others, I trust, to that land where they shall neither hunger nor thirst any more.

One of those who died was a Female well known and affectionately regarded by the series of Officers who have for many years lived at the Asylum. We regarded her almost as a girl, though she had attained the age of 40 years. Annie was a foundling, and whether she had received any education before she came to this Asylum seems doubtful. She may have forgotten what had been imperfectly taught her, for a servant of Dr. Begley, who had herself once been a Patient, and whose gratitude for the blessings she had herself received led her at her death to bequeath her savings to the Adelaide Fund; took great interest in her, and taught her to read the Bible fluently, and also gave her a nice Copy. Annie, when I first knew her, was more like a thoughtless child than an adult. Simple-minded and innocent as a child, she remained to the time of her death. She gradually became sensible of the nature and value of religion. After giving her such instructions as I should to a candidate for confirmation, I admitted her to the Lord's Table, which she regularly attended up to the time of her death, though, during the last year, privately in the Infirmary. Her last illness was attended with great suffering, her disease being Cancer. In her agony she would sometimes appeal to me,



whether I was sure God was not angry with her? Latterly, she became very deaf, and though I could scarcely make her hear, she liked to be visited, and always asked me to pray for her. It is impossible to exaggerate the blessing conferred upon Annie when she was taught, as I have stated, to read. The Lessons and Psalms of the day were seldom omitted, even when suffering great pain, and she derived much solace from the use of the Office for the Visitation of the Sick. She had a remarkable fondness for children, and even on the last day that she was sensible, spoke about one of my boys, to whom she was very partial, and asked me to "bid him from her to be a good boy, and say his lessons well, and come and see Annie in Heaven." I have dwelt on this case as affording a pleasing illustration of the power of God's grace in leading this babe in intellect through Christ to Himself.

It is a matter of much anxiety to me whom to permit to receive, and whom to advise to *postpone*, attendance at the Holy Communion; I never directly reject a Patient who desires to receive the ordinance. On the whole I have, I think, been successful in drawing the line. But the case of M. W. strengthens me in my opinion that where there is proper knowledge, and evidence of piety, the line ought not to be drawn too closely. M. W. had been a very short time in the Asylum, and was recovering from Mania, when the notice of the Holy Communion was announced. She asked to be allowed to attend, but being still slightly excited, we thought it would be better to postpone the reception. She, however, remained of her own accord, and partook of the emblems, her demeanour being such as one could desire. She was afterwards calm, and her excitement did not return. She was shortly afterwards seized with a bodily



illness under which she rapidly sunk. Whilst in the Infirmary, she spoke of the satisfaction it had been to her to partake of the Lord's Supper, and added, "I shall never go there again."

My Bible Classes have been conducted as usual, and I have reason to believe with profit. During this winter the numbers attending have considerably increased.

Miss Emmings having been appointed, in the spring, Superintendent of the Bazaar, and provisionally the Organist, I collected a few of the Patients in the Chapel to practise singing the Chants of the Services with her; and after a time she undertook to play them at our Sunday Services, and now succeeds tolerably well. I need do no more than state that the re-introduction of the Chanting is a great improvement to the Services, giving a tone of cheerfulness to them, which is highly desirable for a congregation constituted as is ours. I have continued the Singing Class this winter, both for the purpose of the Services, and also as a pleasing manner of passing an evening.

In consequence of the increase in the number of our Patients, I have had to solicit rather large grants of Bibles and Prayer-books, and also an additional number of the small religious publications, which I circulate among the Patients. These are eagerly sought for and read.

JOHN MAY, *Chaplain.*

HANWELL ASYLUM,

*Dec. 31, 1860.*



## MATRON'S REPORT.

---

TO THE CHAIRMAN AND COMMITTEE OF VISITORS  
FOR HANWELL ASYLUM.

GENTLEMEN,

THE year 1860 has been, as the Committee are aware, one of peculiar anxiety and exertion in that department of the Asylum in which I have the honour to officiate—owing to the occupation of new and altered premises, the admission of between 300 and 400 new Patients, and the engagement and probationary services of a proportionate number of additional Attendants.

But it has pleased God to maintain the health of the Department, and to bless our labours with success, so that, throughout the Female side, the plans and instructions issued by the Committee are now brought nearly to completion.

At the close of 1859, the new Ward, No. 20, as well as the whole of the West Tower, remained unfinished.

No. 20, after having been thoroughly aired and comfortably furnished, was opened upon the 28th March for the reception of 12 Patients, each having a Dormitory to herself; and 3 Attendants. The Day-room is large, light, and



lofty, has an open fireplace, and three large windows, and the Gallery roomy, lighted from the roof, and furnished with a full-sized Arnott's stove. Both Day-room and Gallery are hung with coloured prints, framed and glazed. A Bath-room and the usual offices complete the internal arrangements. No. 20 also possesses an Airing Court, enclosed by a high wall; containing gravelled walks and a mound raised in the centre, from the summit of which the Patients obtain a fine and extensive view, including a picturesque portion of the Great Western Railway.

This Ward has been chiefly occupied hitherto by a selection of Patients who are well educated women, and who possess a higher amount of refinement in their habits than the greater number of the other inmates; but whose peculiar phases of behaviour render a comparative separation and seclusion a boon to all parties.

By the alteration of the West Tower a Day-room, not comprised within its limits, but formerly belonging to one of its Wards, has been obtained for F. Ward, No. 5. This Ward contains 23 Patients of the Refractory class, and had not formerly any Day-room—a recess in the Gallery containing the tables where the Patients took their meals.

The Wards in the West Tower were opened for occupation at the end of September, and are numbered respectively, 4, 9, and 14.\* The Day-rooms for each are situated upon the Ground Floor, and are contiguous; occupying, with Dr. Sankey's Office, the Visiting-room and the Scullery, its whole area. This arrangement is convenient for several reasons, besides affording peculiar facility for surveillance

\* As previously to the alterations.

and immediate access to the Pleasure Grounds and Airing Courts. The Dormitories of No. 4 are four in number, and are situated in the Basement. Those of No. 9, where many of the Patients are Epileptic, but of the more intelligent class, chiefly comprehend the First Floor; whilst the Patients of No. 14, amongst whom also are many Epileptics and Imbeciles, and whose habits require constant watchfulness on the part of the Attendants, sleep in the light and high-ceiled Dormitories on the Second Floor. Each Dormitory on the Second Floor contains a large open fireplace, and has three large windows, besides four windows each looking into the corridors, thorough ventilation being thus ensured as well as light. The corridors are abundantly furnished with Gas-burners, whose light—subdued after bed-time—falling upon the inner windows, enables the Night Attendant on her rounds to see every bed, and to ascertain the condition of its occupant, without the risk of disturbance by opening a door unnecessarily.

To return to the Ground Floor, it has been arranged that one domestic servant has charge of the table, appointments, and utensils of all the three Wards, and is responsible for their cleanliness and good order, no one being permitted to interfere with her in the detail of her scullery duties. The Nurses are thus left free to give their whole personal attendance to their Patients' exercise and employments. And this arrangement works well.

By the removal of the Engineer's Boiler-room, the old Bath-room, and the small partition walls from its interior, the West-Centre Basement has been converted into a light, well-ventilated apartment, capable of accommodating 80 Patients. Attached to it is a bedroom for two Attendants. The

boarded floor is covered with matting, and the whole is supplied with every comfort and convenience. In winter it is warmed by a steam-pipe, which is conveyed round two-thirds of the walls; and in summer the thorough ventilation, obtainable by means of the numerous opposite windows, all of which can be opened at pleasure, will render it a most desirable Dormitory.

The General Bath-room continues to act well; it is in every-day use, and is, in every respect, a very valuable Institution.

The Laundry Department also continues to work well and satisfactorily. As the work has increased, a large accession of operatives has also taken place, and not in any other part of the House do the work-women present a more healthy or contented appearance.

The Dormitories connected with the Laundry only provide accommodation for 90 Patients, so that the large additional number employed in this department are collected from various wards.

Very early in the year the Housekeeper, Mrs. Gardener, resigned her appointment, and Mrs. Morewood, who had applied for the situation, with several other candidates, at the period of Mrs. Gardener's election, and who had been placed with her upon the list when it was reduced to two, was, by the Committee's Order, engaged to succeed her. Mrs. Morewood also retired from the Asylum in July last, and was replaced by Mrs. Ellen Hancock, one of the Assistant Matrons, as Mrs. Hancock had previously held a responsible appointment in a public institution in which she had charge



of stores, and presided over their distribution. Mrs. Hancock having performed her probationary duties during many weeks in an intelligent and satisfactory manner, the Committee were pleased to confirm her appointment as Housekeeper in August last.

The appointment of Assistant-Matron, vacated by Mrs. Hancock's promotion, having been duly advertised in the Morning and Evening Papers, several highly respectable candidates came forward; and from amongst the number the Committee were pleased to select Miss M. E. Sparkes, who had held a somewhat similar appointment in the County Lunatic Asylum at Wells. This Lady is still upon probation.

The Bakeress, Ann Goodgame, who had held her responsible situation eleven years, married, and retired to a home of her own early in the summer.

The Committee were pleased to approve as Goodgame's successor in the bakehouse, Mary Hamlet, a young woman who had been a year and a half in the service of the Asylum as Assistant-Cook. Mary has performed her probationary duties well.

The various sections of the Kitchen Department are in full operation, and all work well. It having occurred to one of the Magistrates that a considerable proportion of the preparation of Vegetables for culinary purposes, hitherto performed by Male Patients, might be equally well and more appropriately done by Women, an apartment in a line with the Larders and Dairy, on the Basement Floor, has been prepared for this purpose. An extract from a record made at the date, 18th December, states, "The new Vegetable-room for the employ-

ment of additional Female Patients in preparing Vegetables for the Kitchen, was opened and organised to-day. Between 30 and 40 Patients were selected from the different Wards, not any of the number already employed in the Kitchen being withdrawn from that department. The Gas-stove, by which it is warmed, appears to throw out a very comfortable degree of heat, and a portable floor of boards covered with matting is arranged for the operatives. The Patients work under the care of a Supernumerary Attendant, and appear to be thoroughly pleased and contented with their occupation. A few unimportant details only remain to be arranged in order to render the experiment perfectly successful."

The office of Superintendent of Bazaar and Organist had been vacant some time, when the Committee were pleased to fill it by the appointment of Miss Elizabeth Emmings, who performs her duties in an intelligent and acceptable manner. Under her direction the lighter and more attractive descriptions of Needlework, &c., have been pursued with interest by a large number of Patients during the past summer and autumn; and in the cases of some of the Patients who have been discharged recovered, the first indications of convalescence were manifested amidst the various avocations and amusements of the Bazaar. A liberal supply of Writing Materials is at all times attainable in the Bazaar, and Patients have every encouragement and facility for correspondence with their friends, and many largely avail themselves of the privilege.

The Library for the Female side is kept in the Bazaar.\*

\* A copy of the Catalogue is kept in every Ward, so that the Patients can make their selection at leisure.



It consists of Standard and Popular Works, with a considerable proportion of light Literature, to the extent of several hundred volumes. A very valuable addition has just been made to the Library by the munificent gift of Edmund Halswell, Esq., consisting of upwards of 100 volumes of well bound large octavo books, containing the "New Monthly Magazine" from its commencement, with other Works eminently suitable for circulation amongst the educated class of Patients.

The wetness and uncertainty of the weather during the summer and autumn had unavoidably the effect of restricting the Patients' walks and excursions beyond the gates. Hampton Court Palace and Kew Gardens were, however, visited a few times. The newly-finished walk round the West Field almost precludes the necessity for exercise beyond the premises, affording as it does complete exception to the immediate and familiar scenery of the Asylum, with at the same time pure, bracing air, pleasant views, and firm, dry footing, whilst shelter from impending rain can be obtained in a few minutes; indeed, this new field for exercise is a very valuable addition to the recreative means of the Asylum.

The Patients' Gardens did not receive so large an amount of attention from their holders this season as heretofore, solely owing to the heavy rains which fell, rendering outdoor employment unsatisfactory; yet, from the gravelly nature of the soil, their flowers and foliage were less deteriorated by the exceeding moisture than might have been expected. Should the weather of the ensuing spring and summer be propitious, they will doubtless receive a larger amount of attention than ever, the popularity of the garden cultivation not being lessened in the least.



The recoveries have been numerous and encouraging. Several Wives and Mothers have been happily restored to their homes and families; helped for the present, and strengthened for the future, through the discriminating bounty of the Committee, from that truly blessed source of physical comfort and moral encouragement—Queen Adelaide's Fund. The greater number of cures have taken place from amongst the individuals composing at all times a large and important class in the Asylum—Domestic Servants. It is usual to discharge Patients who are convalescent a month upon probation, if they have friends who can afford them a home for the time, previously to receiving their final discharge. In more than one instance, the Patient had engaged herself in service, and even entered upon duty, before her probationary time was expired; nevertheless making her due appearance at the Asylum on the appointed day.

The Deaths during the year have reached the average; and amongst the individuals thus removed, several wearing the old familiar faces have been of the number—quaint old figures, calm voices, and kindly, loving hearts, are missed from their accustomed places in the Dormitories, or from the arm-chairs in the Day-rooms—some who had passed a third, others the half of their lives, beneath the roof, and who had neither kin nor claim beyond the walls.

There was one of but brief sojourn amongst us, whose early life had been one of promise and of aspiration, and of fair anticipation of the future—an anticipation which her married life, auspicious at its commencement, did not realise. Her talents, of no common order, were devoted throughout an early and long widowhood to the support as well as education of some who were dependent upon her. But when over-

exertion and anxiety had done their work; when health failed, and intellect flickered fitfully; she was left to the care and cherishing of those who had only known her in her brief decay. Not any acknowledgment of the intimations of her illness, of her death and funeral, were received. A few weeks afterwards an application was made for the well-worn wedding-ring and the treasured, but old-fashioned, gold-rimmed spectacles of the deceased.

Another case was that of an elderly woman, who had been a confidential servant in a respectable family between 30 and 40 years, and who had acquired the means of support for her declining years. She belonged to a peculiar Congregation, not numbering many rich people amongst its members; and one also belonging to it persuaded her to place her little all in his hands to be invested in their Church property, promising her a fair amount of interest. This interest, irregularly paid, at length ceased altogether. It could not be ascertained that the money had really been invested, the negociator could not be found; and from the fear of actual want the aged woman became insane. The descendants of the family in which she had resided came to visit her; but she was incapable of appreciating their kindness, and expired ere she had been many weeks an inmate.

The Winter Entertainments and Festivities of Patients and Servants have taken place as usual. The supplies of excellent Roast Beef, Plum Pudding, and other good things on Christmas-day, were abundant, well cooked, and well served, and called forth expressions of enjoyment and gratitude on every side.

The Annual Winter Entertainment of the Male and Female Patients took place this year on the 27th of December. The Recreation Room was tastefully decorated with Evergreens and with Artificial Flowers of home manufacture. Plum Cake and Coffee was served throughout the Wards previously to the Patients leaving them to assemble for dancing and other amusements in the Recreation Room. Neither a larger nor a happier party had ever gathered in that room on any former occasion. A good Band occupied the Orchestra; and the proceedings of the evening differed but little from entertainments in preceding years. During the Male Patients' recess for supper, the ladies enjoyed lighter refreshments, and passed the rest of the time in dancing quadrilles and polkas. Country dances were resumed after supper; and the happy party, after singing the National Anthem, retired at ten o'clock in perfect peace and order.

Many members of the Committee, having previously made a tour of the greater number of the Wards on each side of the Asylum, remained in the Recreation Room during a considerable portion of the evening. The Magistrates were pleased to express their approbation of the appearance of the Patients, and evidently felt a deep interest in their welfare and happiness.

The Rev. Mr. May, who remained, with his children, nearly all the evening, was so kind as to say he thought the present Patients' Party was the happiest and best conducted of any within his remembrance.

In conclusion, I am happy and thankful to be enabled to



report, that the Female side of the Asylum is in good health; the Patients and Servants are comfortable and contented; and that the various sections of this large Department are all working harmoniously.

I am, Gentlemen,

Your faithful and obedient servant,

CATHERINE M. E. MACFIE,

*Matron.*



# Manwell Lunatic Asylum.

---

## R E P O R T

OF THE

## FARM AND GARDEN COMMITTEE.

---

THE produce of the past year consisted of 2,275 lbs. Beef, 871 lbs. Veal, 17,365 lbs. Pork, 117 lbs. Bacon, 1,815 lbs. Butter, 14,897 gallons of Milk, and 169½ dozen Eggs; also 747 bushels of Potatoes, 4,843 bushels of Cabbages, 210½ bushels of Turnips, 175 bushels of Carrots and Parsnips, 163¼ bushels of Onions, and 542 bushels of Peas and Beans.

We have also produced 14 loads of Hay, 12 loads of Straw, 12 quarters of Oats, 6 quarters of Barley, and 56 tons of Wurzel.

The live stock consists of 20 Cows, 6 Heifers, 6 Calves, 1 Bull, 2 Boars, 10 Sows, 96 Pigs, and 6 Horses.

During the past year the various Airing Courts for the Male and Female Patients have been re-gravelled, and Beds



for Plants, with Grass Plots, have been formed. The old Kitchen Yard has been converted into an Airing Court, and an additional one made for the No. 20 F. W. The piece of ground between the General Store-Room and the Shops opposite has been levelled and laid down with grass; also the earth, to the extent of 2 feet in depth, has been removed from the ground in front of the old Vegetable-house, in addition to which all the roads have been repaired and re-gravelled. The old Fence, from the Lodge Gate westward, was removed by the Patients, and a Slope formed on the south side of the new wall.

In July we had 50 Male and 56 Female Patients assisting in the Hay-making in the Brent Meadow. They left the Asylum at 9 A.M. and returned in the evening at 7 o'clock; each day in the fore and afternoon they were supplied with bread, cheese, and beer, also a dinner of cold meat and salad at 1 P.M., which they all appeared very much to enjoy. Many were sorry when, to them, the pleasing recreation terminated, and all expressed themselves as being especially thankful for the kind indulgence thus afforded them.

Much success has attended the cultivation of the Italian Rye Grass sown in September, 1859, having been well supplied with liquid manure from the Farm Buildings. We have been enabled to make no less than four good cuts during the year, and the Lucerne sown in March last has given us two, which, for the first year, is very satisfactory, when we consider the soil is of a clayey nature, and that it was the receiving place of the rubbish, &c., from the alterations of the buildings, &c., in fact, we can hardly estimate the real value of a free use of liquid manure. Our present means are confined to the carrying it out in a water-cart; but it is

worthy of consideration whether the whole of the sewerage of the Asylum might not, by some means, be brought into use for distributing over the whole of the land.

The stock of Cows, Pigs, &c., are all in a healthy state.

The average number of Male Patients daily employed on the Farm and in the Garden and Grounds is 96.

GEORGE WOOD,  
*Chairman,*

*January 10, 1861.*





## ENGINEER'S REPORT.

---

TO THE COMMITTEE OF VISITORS.

GENTLEMEN,

I beg leave to lay before you, as usual at the close of the year, an account of the most important Works executed during the year in my department.

The total Cost of Works is materially swelled in consequence of the old Wooden Fence forming the boundary of the Asylum northward on the Female side having been partially blown down by the hurricane on the 28th of February last; and it became necessary either to renew it as before, or to build a brick wall in its place. The Fence had been in a very dilapidated condition for years past, offering constant facilities for the escape of Patients. A substantial Brick Wall has now been erected in its place to correspond with that on the Male side of the Asylum.

The number of Gas Burners lighted nightly is increasing rapidly.

The number now in use is 953, and there still remains a few Wards on the Male side, not yet occupied, to be supplied with Gas. When these are fitted, the number the Works

were constructed to supply will be completed, and any further number that may be required must be met by an increase in the size of the Retort House.

The Cost of making Gas for the past year, including all Repairs, Wages, &c. &c., was 1s. 7d. per 1,000 cubic feet. This is more than the cost of the previous year, which was 1s. 4 $\frac{1}{4}$ d.; but it was stated at the time that the cost of repairs was very small that year, owing to the recent erection of the Works.

The total Cost of Gas supply to the Asylum for the year amounted to £262 8s. 10d.

The Water Supply to the Asylum is still ample for all purposes. The Well has yielded rather more in quantity this year than last, probably owing to the continuous wet season.

For the first time since its completion, the Fire Main was called into operation on the night of Thursday, the 20th December, when the fire occurred in the Tailor's Shop. Water was quickly procured from a Fire Plug near, and the low pressure service being sufficient for the purpose, the Fire was easily extinguished without the aid of the Fire Engine, and before much damage was done.

The whole system of Water supply is in a thoroughly efficient state, and I believe, with but few exceptions, giving general satisfaction.

The General Repairs of the Asylum have been carried on as usual, where necessary.



INCOME AND EXPENDITURE, *from 1st January to 31st December, 1860.*

*Average Weekly Expenditure for each Patient from Weekly Rate.*

(Signed)

J. MORRISON, Clerk of the Asylum.

*Submitted to the Committee of Visitors, 19th January, 1861.*

(Signed) A. Y. SPEARMAN, CHAIRMAN.

*Examined by the Committee of Accounts, 17th January, 1861.*

(Signed) J. S. BROOKING, CHAIRMAN.





In conclusion, I beg leave to thank the Committee for their uniform kindness to me at all times, and to assure them that nothing shall be wanting on my part to merit its continuance.

I am, Gentlemen,

Your obedient Servant,

HENRY MARTIN.





## WORKS EXECUTED DURING THE YEAR 1860.

	£	s.	d.
To erecting a Cast-Iron Tank to catch the waste water from Refrigerator in Brewhouse	30	0	0
This water was previously run to waste, but is now used in Vegetable-cleaning House, effecting a considerable saving.			
To laying down Surface Drains to New Roads, at back of Building, including Gulleys, Traps, &c. &c. ....	48	9	0
To providing and fixing a Copper in Officers' Laundry, removing old Brick Paving and laying down York Stone in place, fixing an additional Washing Tray of Stourbridge Clay, with Water supply, &c., complete ..	68	4	0
To constructing additional Pig Styes in Piggeries .....	54	14	0
To Paving the Entrance Gateway with Granite	20	0	0
To removing old Wood Fencing along the Uxbridge Road, on the Female side, and constructing a Brick Wall to the Iron Railway Bridge .....	945	14	6
To Painting and Graining, Oak, the whole of the doors on both sides of the Asylum ....	209	2	8
To Building Brick Wall to enclose Builders' Yard opposite Cow House .....	40	8	0
Carried forward.....	£1,416	12	2

	£	s.	d.
Brought forward.....	1,416	12	2
To Alterations to the old Dairy, to fit it for Sinks and Wash-up places for the use of the Male Wards adjoining.....	68	4	0
To removing Floors of Brick in West Centre Basement, and laying down Boarded Floors, fitting up Cupboards, Sink, &c. &c. ....	54	0	0
To fixing Cupboards n recesses of rooms in East Tower, providing Dwarf Cupboards for all New Day Rooms, &c. &c. ....	84	0	0
	<hr/>		
	£1,622	16	2
	<hr/>		

HENRY MARTIN,

*Engineer.*

Samuel Lunatic Asylum.

RETURN of the Number of ADMISSIONS, DISCHARGES, and DEATHS of Patients during the Year ending 31st December, 1860.

QUARTERS ENDING										YEAR ENDING							
31st March.										31st December.							
30th June.										30th September.							
31st December.										31st December.							
Males.		Females.		Total.		Males.		Females.		Total.		Males.		Females.		Total.	
430		637		1,067		445		666		1,111		469		766		1,250	
32		59		91		64		91		155		43		109		134	
2		1		3		4		7		11		2		4		7	
464		697		1,161		513		764		1,277		514		879		1,391	
19		31		50		44		65		109		30		19		49	
..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..	
..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..	
..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..	
..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..	
445		666		1,111		469		699		1,168		484		842		1,327	
DISCHARGES AND DEATHS.										Total.....							
Cured.		Relieved or not Improved.		Died.													
2		3		14													
7		5		19													
5		27		12													
6		43		16													
6		8		16													
7		3		9													
5		6		16													
19		8		10													
18		44		58													
39		59		54													
REMAINING in the Asylum .....										Total.....							
Males..		Females..		Total.													
485		842		1,327													
120		152		272													
605		994		1,599													
164		343		507													
11		14		25													
430		637		1,067													



# HANWELL LUNATIC ASYLUM.

*Return of Patients Annually Admitted into the Asylum, from its opening on 16th May, 1831, to the 31st December, 1860, distinguishing the Admissions, Discharges, Deaths, and those now remaining in the Asylum.*

ADMITTED.				TOTAL.									Remaining in Asylum 31st December, 1860.		
				DISCHARGED.						Died.					
				Cured.			Relieved or Not Improved.								
Year ending Dec. 31st.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1831	136	159	295	34	30	64	5	4	9	81	105	186	16	20	36
1832	188	234	422	35	54	89	14	19	33	127	138	265	12	23	35
1833	90	113	203	26	33	59	5	3	8	52	62	114	7	15	22
1834	70	52	122	17	17	34	6	4	10	44	25	69	3	6	9
1835	78	63	141	15	20	35	6	4	10	50	33	83	7	6	13
1836	67	46	113	19	15	34	3	3	6	37	22	59	8	6	14
1837	33	27	60	9	6	15	7	2	9	17	12	29	3	7	10
1838	139	186	325	37	34	71	11	15	26	76	84	160	15	53	68
1839	123	95	218	39	24	63	8	8	16	64	51	115	12	12	24
1840	100	51	151	25	13	38	11	2	13	53	25	78	11	11	22
1841	102	122	224	26	34	60	9	21	30	58	49	107	9	18	27
1842	92	91	183	26	24	50	7	11	18	47	33	80	12	23	35
1843	74	86	160	24	25	49	16	13	29	25	34	59	9	14	23
1844	61	57	118	10	13	23	13	6	19	26	18	44	12	20	32
1845	56	48	104	10	12	22	5	9	14	32	15	47	9	12	21
1846	59	36	95	16	14	30	6	6	12	31	11	42	6	5	11
1847	56	44	100	15	21	36	9	3	12	26	12	38	6	8	14
1848	64	41	105	18	19	37	19	3	22	20	10	30	7	9	16
1849	67	46	113	22	18	40	10	6	16	26	9	35	9	13	22
1850	74	50	124	17	18	35	14	5	19	30	11	41	13	16	29
1851	88	102	190	14	21	35	9	17	26	36	23	59	29	41	70
1852	57	63	120	11	22	33	11	7	18	25	15	40	10	19	29
1853	64	63	127	18	17	35	5	12	17	29	19	48	12	15	27
1854	87	82	169	23	20	43	11	9	20	39	28	67	14	25	39
1855	73	78	151	20	21	41	11	16	27	24	20	44	18	21	39
1856	80	60	140	26	29	55	14	3	17	20	9	29	20	19	39
1857	57	81	138	17	24	41	6	15	21	16	15	31	18	27	45
1858	55	60	115	14	16	30	3	9	12	18	11	29	20	24	44
1859	81	114	195	14	25	39	17	14	31	15	21	36	35	54	89
1860	175	357	532	14	23	37	10	17	27	28	17	45	123	300	423
	2549	2707	5256	611	662	1273	281	266	547	1172	937	2109	485	842	1327

17th January, 1861.

J. MORRISON, Clerk of the Asylum.

# Hanwell Lunatic Asylum.

## EMPLOYMENT.

1860.

	Mar. 31st.	June 30th.	Sept. 30th.	Dec. 31st.
<b>MALES.</b>				
In Front Grounds .....	11	11	16	9
Garden, Orchard, Farm Grounds, &c. ....	48	53	52	40
Cow House and Piggery .....	7	7	7	7
As Coal Porters and Wood Chopping .....	3	3	3	3
Bricklayers, Whitewashers, &c. ....	1	1	1	1
In Tinman's Shop .....	1	1	1	1
Carpenter's Shop .....	10	9	9	8
Painter's and Plumber's Shop .....	—	1	—	1
Smith's Shop, Gas House, Engine House, } and Boilers .....	3	3	3	1
Store Room .....	1	2	2	1
Tailor's Shop .....	13	13	15	11
Shoemaker's Shop .....	4	6	6	7
Printing and Bookbinding .....	2	1	2	2
Upholsterer's Shop and Picking Coir.....	22	25	33	31
Kitchen, Brewhouse, and Bakehouse, and } preparing Cocoa .....	7	6	4	6
Foul Linen House .....	4	4	4	4
As Helpers in the Wards .....	30	38	50	52
Stonemason .....	1	1	1	1
Employed .....	168	185	209	186
Unemployed .....	228	240	255	260
Sick .....	49	44	20	39
Total in Asylum .....	445	469	484	485
<b>FEMALES.</b>				
At Needlework in the Wards, Bazaar, and } Work-room .....	132	140	178	156
In Bakehouse, Kitchen, and Dairy .....	24	26	29	28
As Helpers in the Wards .....	96	100	96	106
At Officers' Apartments .....	10	9	8	8
In Laundries and Distribution Room.....	112	114	121	126
Employed .....	374	389	432	424
Unemployed .....	257	279	274	331
Sick .....	35	31	60	87
Total in Asylum .....	666	699	766	842
Total Patients in Asylum.....	1,111	1,168	1,250	1,327

17th Jan., 1861.

J. MORRISON, *Clerk of the Asylum.*



# Hanwell Lunatic Asylum.

## THE ESTABLISHMENT, 31st December, 1860.

### OFFICERS.

	Per Ann.		Per Ann.
1 Medical Officer and Superintendent, Male Department .....	£300 0	1 Storekeeper .....	£150 0
1 Ditto, Female Department .....	300 0	1 Storekeeper's Clerk ....	60 0
2 Assistant Medical Officers, £150 each .....	300 0	1† Engineer.....	200 0
1 Apothecary .....	100 0	1 Matron.....	300 0
1* Chaplain.....	350 0	2 Assistant ditto, £40 each..	80 0
1* Clerk to Committee of Visitors .....	150 0	1 Superintendent of Work-room..	25 0
1* Clerk of the Asylum ....	350 0	1 Ditto Bazaar .....	35 0
2* Assistant Clerks,—£100 and £95 .....	195 0	1 Ditto of Laundry.....	30 0
		1 Housekeeper .....	45 0
		20	£2,970 0

### SERVANTS—MALES.

2 Head Attendants .....	£52 0	per ann. each .....	£104 0
2 Attendants .....	40 0	ditto each ..	80 0
8 Ditto .....	35 0	ditto each ..	280 0
5 Ditto .....	31 0	ditto each ..	155 0
1 Ditto .....	28 0	ditto .....	} And a Suit of Uniform every 8 months.
3 Ditto.....	26 0	ditto each ..	
3 Ditto.....	24 0	ditto each ..	
8 Ditto.....	22 0	ditto each ..	176 0
12 Ditto.....	21 0	ditto each ..	252 0
2 Ditto (Night).... £36 &	28 0	ditto .....	64 0
2* Ditto (Garden) .....	1 2	per week each .....	114 8
2* Tailors .....	£1 7 &	1 5 ditto ..	135 4
2* Upholsterers .....	1 5	ditto each .....	130 0
2* Shoemakers.... £1 7 &	1 0	ditto .....	122 4
1* Tinman .....	1 8	ditto .....	72 16
1* Brewer.....	1 7	ditto .....	70 4
1* Stoker .....	1 1	ditto .....	54 12
1* Ditto .....	1 0	ditto .....	52 0
1* Ditto.....	0 18	ditto .....	46 16
1* Ditto.....	0 16	ditto .....	41 12
1* Ditto.....	0 12	ditto .....	31 4
2* Gas Makers .....	0 18	ditto each .....	93 12
1* Gardener.....	2 2	ditto .....	109 4
1† Cowman and Pigman ..	1 1	ditto .....	54 12
1* Assistant to ditto.....	0 16	ditto .....	41 12
1* Carter .....	0 16	ditto .....	41 12
3* Farm & Garden Labourers	0 16	ditto each .....	124 16
1† Porter at Lodge.....	1 1	ditto .....	54 12
1 House Porter.....	30 0	per annum .....	30 0
1* House Labourer .....	0 18	per week .....	46 16
2* Foul Linen Washers ..	0 18	ditto each .....	93 12
75			£2,850 8

### SERVANTS—FEMALES.

2 Head Attendants .....	£21 0	per annum each .....	£42 0
2 Night ditto..... £25 &	21 0	ditto .....	46 0
1 Attendant .....	25 0	ditto .....	25 0
4 Ditto .....	23 0	ditto each .....	92 0
1 Ditto.....	20 0	ditto .....	20 0
7 Ditto.....	19 0	ditto each .....	133 0
5 Ditto.....	18 0	ditto each .....	90 0
4 Ditto.....	16 0	ditto each .....	64 0
29 Ditto.....	15 0	ditto each .....	435 0
1 Housemaid.....	16 0	ditto .....	16 0
1 Ditto .....	15 0	ditto .....	15 0
1 Ditto .....	14 10	ditto .....	14 10
2 Ditto.....	10 10	ditto each .....	21 0
2 Domestic Supernumrs.	12 0	ditto each .....	24 0
2 Ditto.....	10 10	ditto each .....	21 0
1 Laundry Maid .....	18 0	ditto .....	18 0
1 Ditto.....	16 0	ditto .....	16 0
8 Ditto....	15 0	ditto each.....	120 0
1 Ditto ....	13 0	ditto .....	13 0
1 Cook .....	25 0	ditto .....	25 0
2 Assistant ditto, £19 &	15 0	ditto .....	34 0
1 Bakeress .....	16 0	ditto .....	16 0
2 Kitchen Maids .....	12 0	ditto each .....	24 0
1 Dairy Maid.....	13 0	ditto .....	13 0

82 Females .....	£1,337 10
75 Males .....	2,850 8
20 Officers .....	2,970 0
177	£7,157 18

\* Neither boarded nor lodged.

† Lodged only.

17th January, 1861.

J. MORRISON, Clerk of the Asylum.



# Hambell Lunatic Asylum.

CONTRACT PRICES of the Principal Articles of Consumption for the Four Quarters of the Year ending 31st December, 1860.—The Articles are delivered at the Asylum free of Carriage.

		Quarter to 31st Mar.		Quarter to 30th June.		Quarter to 30th Sept.		Quarter to 31st Dec.	
		£	s. d.	£	s. d.	£	s. d.	£	s. d.
Ox Beef	per stone	0	6 10	0	6 6	0	6 6	0	6 4
Wether Mutton, the whole Carcase (without head, shanks, or inside suet)	per stone	0	6 10	0	6 6	0	6 6	0	6 4
Beef and Mutton Suet	per stone	0	6 10	0	6 6	0	6 6	0	6 4
Flour	per sack	1	12 9	1	15 9	1	15 9	2	8 0
Malt	per quarter	3	5 0	3	4 0	3	4 0	3	5 0
Cheese	per cwt.	3	0 0	3	5 0	3	5 0	3	2 0
Butter	per cwt.	4	18 0	5	2 0	5	2 0	4	18 0
Sugar (raw)	per cwt.	2	2 0	2	2 0	2	2 0	2	1 0
Sugar (refined)	per cwt.	2	10 0	2	10 0	2	10 0	2	10 0
Coals (Merthyr)	per ton,	Not contracted for.							

CHARLES WRIGHT, Clerk to the Committee of Visitors.

1st January, 1861.

# Hamwell Lunatic Asylum.

RETURN of the Average Number of OFFICERS, &c., boarded at the Expense of the Establishment during the Year ending 31st December, 1860.

DESCRIPTION.	QUARTERS ENDING				YEAR ENDING 31st December.
	31st March.	30th June.	30th September.	31st December.	
Officers .....	11	14	13	14	13
Families of ditto ....	8	8	9	9	9
Servants of ditto .....	8	8	8	8	8
Attendants { Male.....	38	41	42	44	41
{ Female..	44	45	47	55	48
Servants.. { Male ....	1	1	1	1	1
{ Female..	16	19	19	19	18
Patients... { Male.....	439	455	476	484	464
{ Female..	648	682	719	820	717
Total .....	1,213	1,273	1,334	1,454	1,319

17th January, 1861.

J. MORRISON,

Clerk of the Asylum.

Handel Japan. Asium.

The ACCOUNT CURRENT for the Year ending 31st December, 1860.

1859.	£	s.	d.	1860.	£	s.	d.
Dec. 31. To Balance of Cash this day	1,872	3	4	Dec. 31. By Cash paid on account of Maintenance, &c., of Patients, viz. :—			
1860.				For Provisions	14,446	1	7
Dec. 31. To Cash received from Parishes for the Maintenance, &c., of Patients	26,565	15	10	" House and other expenses	5,771	5	7
* To ditto from County Treasurer, ditto of County ditto	3,545	19	1	" Clothing	2,473	19	10
				" Medicine, Wine, &c.	1,607	0	10
" To ditto from ditto, on account of the ordinary Repairs, &c., of the Asylum	30,111	14	11	" Salaries of Officers	£2,909	13	1
" To ditto from ditto, on account of Additions and Alterations	4,614	7	7	" Wages of Servants	3,988	16	2
				Incidental Expenses	6,898	9	3
					235	11	4
					<u>31,432</u>	8	5
				By Cash paid on account of ordinary Repairs, &c., of the Asylum, to this day	5,132	6	0
				By ditto, paid on account of Additions and Alterations	0	0	0
				By Balance	63	11	5
					<u>£36,628</u>	5	10

*Submitted to the Committee of Visitors,  
17th January, 1861.*

*Examined by the Committee of Accounts,  
15th January, 1861.*

**A. Y. SPEARMAN, Chairman of the Committee.**

J. S. BROOKING, *pro Chairman.*



# Davidson Lunatic Asylum.

## BALANCE SHEET FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31st DECEMBER, 1860.

1860.		£ s. d.		1860.		£ s. d.			
Dec. 31	To balance of Cash this day (see Account Current) ..	63	11	5	Dec. 31	By amount due to sundry Tradesmen, on account of Maintenance, &c., of Patients this day /.....	6,407	14	11
"	To amount due for Maintenance, &c., of Patients, viz.:—					By ditto to ditto, on account of ordinary Repairs, &c., of the Asylum, from 1st of October to ditto .	321	8	2
	From Parishes in the County.....	7,878	2	5		Surplus .....	3,357	12	6
	Do. other Counties..	304	16	6					
	Do. County Treasurer	995	9	2					
	To amount due for Funerals, viz.:—								
	From Parishes in the County .....	17	17	0					
	Do. other Counties..	0	0	0					
	Do. County Treasurer	0	17	0					
	To amount due from County Treasurer for ordinary Repairs, &c., of the Asylum, under Act 16 and 17 Vict., cap. 97, sec. 38 .....								

General Statement of the Accounts of the Charity, from its Establishment, 24th June, 1835, to 31st December, 1860.

1859.		1860.					
£	s. d.	£	s. d.				
Dec. 31.	To amount of Subscriptions, and Benefactions from the establishment of the Fund to this date.....	5,816	11 4	Dec. 31.	By sundry purchases of Stock, from the establishment of the Fund to this date, amounting to £6,884 18s. 6d. Consols.....	6,335	10 0
"	To ditto of Dividends on amounts of Stock invested to same date .....	5,631	8 9	"	By relief afforded to sundry Patients during the same period .....	£2,840	19 1
"	To ditto Fines for neglect of duty.....	29	7 0	"	By amount paid to Colney Hatch Asylum, in aid of "The Queen Victoria Fund," to this date.....	1,400	0 0
1860.	To Half-year's Dividend on £12,979 15s. 8d. Consols, due January 1860.....	£184	3 0	"	By sundry payments for Printing, Law, and other expenses .....	4,240	19 1
Jan. 9.	To Half-year's ditto on £2,136 5s. 2d. Reduced, due April 1860 .....	31	7 6	1860.	By purchase of £20 4s. 4d. Consols .....	£18	18 0
April 9.	To Half-year's ditto on £12,979 15s. 8d. Consols, due July 1860 .....	186	11 9	Sept. 18.	By ditto of £363 14s. 10d. Reduced..	332	16 6
July 9.	To Half-year's ditto on £2,136 5s. 2d. Reduced, due October 1860 .....	30	14 2	Oct. 24.	By relief afforded to sundry Patients from 1st January to this date.....	351	14 6
Oct. 13	To amount of Subscriptions from 1st January to this date .....	7	0 0	Dec. 31.	By amount paid to Colney Hatch Asylum in aid of "The Queen Victoria Fund," ditto .....	264	10 11
Dec. 31.	To ditto, Fines for neglect of duty .....	2	2 6	"	By sundry payments for Printing, Law, and other expenses .....	200	0
"				"	By Balance .....	0	1 0
						65	16 7
						£11,919	6 0

STOCK ACCOUNT.

£3 per Cent. Consols.	£3 per Cent. Reduced.
£	£ s. d.
6,905 2 10	363 14 10
5,644 17 2	2,136 5 2
450 0 0	
£13,000 0 0	£2,500 0 0

The said Stock is invested in the names of H. POWNALL, and E. HALSWELL, Esqrs., Sir ALEXANDER YOUNG SPEARMAN, Bart., and H. M. KEMSHEAD, Esq. Submitted to the Committee of Visitors, 17th January, 1861. A. Y. SPEARMAN, Chairman of the Committee.

Examined by the Committee of Accounts, 15th January, 1861. J. S. BROOKING, pro Chairman.

## Hanwell Lunatic Asylum.

---

*The Quantity of Land connected with the Asylum, and its  
Appropriation*

---

	A.	R.	P.
Site of the Asylum and Building ..... about	3	2	17
Shrubberies .....	3	3	0
West Front Airing Grounds, Females.....	5	3	20
East      do              do.              Males .....	6	0	0
Airing Courts, Male Side .....	3	0	0
Do.              Female Side .....	3	0	20
Burial Ground .....	2	0	2
Farm Buildings .....	1	0	25

### UNDER CULTIVATION.

Garden .....	about	3	3	30
Orchard .....		1	3	0
Old Field .....		17	1	0
New Field .....		20	0	0
Brent Meadow .....		6	0	0
Total.....		77	1	34

JOHN W. CLIFT,  
*Storekeeper.*

*January, 1860.*





## Hanwell Lunatic Asylum.

*Average Number of Male Patients Daily Employed in each Month of the Year, and its estimated Value of Labour of the Patients in each Department, for the Year 1860.*

1860.	Number on Farm.	Number in Shops.	Number in Wards.
January	73	70	43
February	70	70	41
March	67	71	41
April	70	70	42
May	74	72	42
June	73	73	42
July	79	75	41
August	91	82	42
September	90	82	42
October	83	80	42
November	88	84	42
December	76	80	42
VALUE . . . .	£500 0 0	£750 0 0	£150 0 0

JOHN W. CLIFT,

*Storekeeper.*

*January, 1861.*

## Hanwell Lunatic Asylum.

---

*Employment of Female Patients, and its Estimated Value, for the Year ending 31st December, 1860.*

Average Number of Patients.	Employment.	£	s.	d.
216	Needlework { Bazaar Workroom Wards }	690	0	0
36	Kitchen and Dairy .....	100	0	0
14	Bakehouse .....	65	0	0
122	Laundries .....	637	0	0
120	Helpers in Wards .....	210	0	0
15	Helpers in Officers' Houses	30	0	0
523		£1,732	0	0

January, 1861.

C. M. S. MACFIE, *Matron.*



## Hanwell Lunatic Asylum.

### A RETURN

*Of Clothing, &c., manufactured or made up by the Patients, &c.  
from the 1st January to 31st December, 1860.*

MALES.		FEMALES.	
Mattresses .....	221	Aprons .....	978
Bolsters .....	287	Bedgowns .....	6
Strong Rugs.....	123	Flannel Jackets.....	311
Ticken and other Frocks..	24	Flannel Drawers .....	101
Coats and Jackets .....	377	Handkerchiefs .....	194
Waistcoats .....	416	Neckerchiefs .....	888
Trousers .....	385	Petticoats .....	598
Men's Capes .....	146	Shawls.....	170
Men's Caps .....	1,561	Shifts .....	722
Men's Leather Boots and } Shoes .....	425	Shirts .....	729
Women's ditto....ditto..	1,152	Shrouds and Caps .....	70
Men's Cloth Boots and } Shoes .....	1,081	Boot and Shoe Uppers ..	624
Women's ditto .. ditto..	1,233	Gowns .....	1,306
Boot and Shoe Uppers....	280	Women's Caps .....	1,256
Braces .....	500	Men's Caps.....	1,368
Macintosh Aprons .....	72	Harden Stays .....	50
		House Flannels .....	1,241
		Table Covers .....	158
		Towels .....	2,677
		Sheets .....	763
		Pillow-cases.....	246

The Fancy Work made and sold in the Bazaar is not included in the above statement.

The whole of the Repairs, are done by the Patients in the Tailor's, Shoemaker's, and Upholsterer's Shops.

The washing for the Establishment, consisting, on the 31st December, 1860, of 1,479, is also performed by the Patients, with the superintendence and assistance of 9 Laundresses.

The whole of the Cooking, Baking, and Dairy department is done by the Housekeeper and 9 Servants, with the assistance of 36 Female Patients.

JOHN W. CLIFT,  
*Storekeeper.*

*January, 1861.*

## Hanwell Lunatic Asylum.

### A RETURN

*Of Clothing and Bedding delivered out, from the 1st January  
to the 31st December, 1860.*

MALES.		FEMALES.	
Coats and Jackets .....	377	Aprons .....	602
Waistcoats .....	414	Bedgowns.....	6
Trousers .....	385	Shifts .....	686
Shirts .....	900	Hose .....	1,278
Hose .....	1,649	Flannel Jackets .....	359
Flannel Jackets .....	359	Handkerchiefs .....	194
Flannel Drawers .....	113	Neckerchiefs.....	888
Handkerchiefs .....	316	Gowns .....	1,486
Neckerchiefs.....	1,831	Petticoats .....	522
Men's Capes .....	146	Shawls .....	170
Hats and Caps.....	1,368	Bonnets .....	708
Braces .....	543	Caps .....	1,256
Gloves.....	82	Gloves .....	118
Frocks .....	24	Stays.....	576
Leather Boots .....	195	Leather Boots .....	754
Do. Shoes .....	270	Do. Shoes .....	389
Cloth Boots .....	1,085	Cloth Boots .....	760
Do. Shoes .....	351	Do. Shoes .....	491
Blankets .....	682	Blankets .....	1,583
Rugs.....	98	Rugs.....	565
Sheets .....	1,272	Sheets .....	30
Pillow-cases .....	302	Pillow-cases .....	301
Towels .....	400	Towels .....	1,815
Mattresses .....	93	Mattresses .....	128
Bolsters .....	101	Bolsters .....	186

JOHN W. CLIFT,

*Storekeeper.*

*January, 1861.*

## Hanwell Lunatic Asylum.

*A RETURN of Clothing, &c. in Store on the 1st January, 1860, and  
the 1st January, 1861.*

1st January, 1860.				1st January, 1861.			
	s. d.	£ s. d.			s. d.	£ s. d.	
107 Aprons .....	0 9	4 0 3	109 Aprons.....	0 9	4 1 9		
24 Men's Leather Boots	6 6	7 16 0	96 Men's Leather Boots	6 6	31 4 0		
12 Ditto do. Shoes	4 6	2 14 0	53 Ditto do. Shoes	4 6	12 7 6		
26 Ditto Cloth Boots..	4 6	5 17 0	69 Ditto Cloth Boots	4 6	15 10 6		
20 Ditto do. Shoes	1 6	1 10 0	10 Ditto do. Shoes	1 6	0 15 0		
37 Women's Leather Boots	4 0	7 8 0	— Women's Leather Boots	4 0	0 0 0		
20 Ditto do. Shoes..	3 0	3 0 0	119 Ditto do. Shoes	3 0	17 17 0		
12 Ditto Cloth Boots..	4 3	2 11 0	140 Ditto Cloth Boots	4 0	28 0 0		
107 Ditto do. Shoes..	1 6	8 0 6	18 Ditto do. Shoes....	1 6	1 7 0		
28 Jackets .....	7 6	10 10 0	250 Jackets .....				
47 Waistcoats .....	3 6	8 4 6	250 Waistcoats .....	20 0	250 0 0		
38 Trousers .....	7 6	14 5 0	250 Trousers.....				
240 Men's Day Caps....	1 0	12 0 0	54 Men's Day Caps ..	1 0	2 14 0		
612 Men's Night Caps..	0 3	10 14 0	276 Men's Night Caps	0 3	3 9 0		
58 Flannel Jackets....	3 6	10 3 0	259 Flannel Jackets....	3 6	45 6 6		
57 Ditto Drawers ....	3 0	8 11 0	356 Ditto Drawers....	3 0	53 8 0		
360 Handkerchiefs ....	0 4	6 0 0	43 Handkerchiefs ....	0 4	0 14 4		
144 Neckerchiefs.....	0 6	3 12 0	96 Neckerchiefs.....	0 6	2 8 0		
148 Braces.....	0 3	1 17 0	396 Braces .....	0 4	6 12 0		
48 Gloves.....	0 9	1 16 0	36 Gloves .....	0 9	1 7 0		
6 Men's Frocks ....	6 0	1 16 0	7 Men's Frocks ....	6 0	2 2 0		
— Do. Canvas Trousers	0 0	0 0 0	1 Do. Canvas Trousers	10 0	0 10 0		
— Do. Epileptic Hats	0 0	0 0 0	20 Do. Epileptic Hats	3 6	3 10 0		
12 Ditto Men's Capes...	5 0	3 0 0	160 Ditto Men's Capes..	7 6	60 0 0		
160 Shirts .....	3 6	28 0 0	499 Shirts .....	3 6	87 6 6		
98 Stockings .....	1 4	6 9 4	258 Stockings .....	1 6	19 7 0		
37 Stays .....	1 8	3 1 8	22 Stays .....	1 8	1 16 8		
104 Yrds. Men's Cloth	4 11½	25 15 8	35½ Yrds. Men's Cloth	4 6¾	8 1 11½		
45 „ Flannel....	0 11½	2 3 1½	96 „ Flannel ....	1 0¾	5 2 0		
40 „ Merino ....	1 8	3 6 8	46½ „ Merino ....	1 8	3 17 6		
804 „ Ticken ....	0 9	30 4 0	34 „ Ticken.....	1 0¾	1 16 1½		
150 lbs. Leather ....	1 4	10 0 0	230 lbs. Leather .....	1 4	15 6 8		
		£244 5 8½			£685 18 0		

Amount of Clothing purchased 1859 ..... £1,848 17 11  
 „ „ „ 1860 ..... 2,401 16 2

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Average Number of Patients 1859 ..	..	..	1,021
„ „ „ 1860 ..	..	..	1,181

January, 1861.

JOHN W. CLIFT, Storekeeper.



## Hanwell Lunatic Asylum.

---

*Provisions consumed during the Year ending 31st Dec., 1860.*

Number of Officers and Servants.....	153
Ditto    Male Patients.....	485
Ditto    Female Patients.....	841
Total.....	1,479
<hr/>	
Meat—Bacon .....	7,567 lbs.
,,    Beef and Mutton .....	195,036 lbs.
,,    Pork .....	18,301 lbs.
Beer.....	74,675 gals.
Bread .....	404,324 lbs.
Butter .....	15,285 lbs.
Cheese.....	30,991 lbs.
Cocoa .....	10,388 lbs.
Coffee .....	820 lbs.
Eggs .....	33,037 No.
Flour .....	402,360 lbs.
Potatoes .....	5,615 bus.
Other Vegetables .....	5,865 bus.
Sugar .....	23,779 lbs.
Tea .....	4,899 $\frac{3}{4}$ lbs.
Treacle .....	33,925 lbs.
Milk.....	15,001 gals.
Wine .....	58,784 gls.
Brandy.....	4,523 gls.
Gin .....	10,072 gls.
Porter and Ale .....	66,000 pints.
Fish.....	11,530 No.
Oranges .....	5,400 No.

JOHN W. CLIFT,

*Storekeeper.*

*January, 1861.*

(For Extras, see Summaries of Sick Lists.)

Days of the Week.	DINNER.												SUPPER.											
	MALES.						FEMALES.						MALES.						FEMALES.					
	Bread.	Cocoa.	Bread.	Cocoa.	Beer.	Bread.	Cooked Meat.	Dumplings.	Pie.	Stew.	Vegetables.	Beer.	Bread.	Cooked Meat.	Dumplings.	Pie.	Stew.	Vegetables.	Beer.	Bread.	Cheese.	Tea.	Bread.	Butter.
Sunday ....	6	1	5	1	1	6	5	4	12	14	12	1	6	5	4	10	14	12	1	6	2	1	5	1
Monday ....	6	1	5	1	1	6	5	4	12	14	12	1	6	5	4	10	14	12	1	6	2	1	5	1
Tuesday ....	6	1	5	1	1	6	5	4	12	14	12	1	6	5	4	10	14	12	1	6	2	1	5	1
Wednesday ..	6	1	5	1	1	6	5	4	12	14	12	1	6	5	4	10	14	12	1	6	2	1	5	1
Thursday ..	6	1	5	1	1	6	5	4	12	14	12	1	6	5	4	10	14	12	1	6	2	1	5	1
Friday .....	6	1	5	1	1	6	5	4	12	14	12	1	6	5	4	10	14	12	1	6	2	1	5	1
Saturday ....	6	1	5	1	1	6	5	4	12	14	12	1	6	5	4	10	14	12	1	6	2	1	5	1
Total....	42	7	35	7	3½	6	29	20	10	14	64	3½	6	29	20	10	14	64	3½	42	14	7	35	3½

N.B.—Cocoa in the following proportions viz:—

N.B.—Cocoa in the following proportions, viz.:—For 1 Pint— $\frac{1}{2}$  oz. Cocoa, 1 oz. Treacle,  $\frac{1}{2}$  pint Milk.  
 Stew for 1350, the liquor of the Meat cooked the previous day, 168 lbs. Meat, 840 lbs. Potatoes, 180 lbs. Onions.  
 Currant Dumplings are occasionally given in lieu of Stew—12 oz. to the Males and 11 oz. to the Females.  
 Fruit Pies are given in lieu of Meat Pies in the season.  
 2 oz. Bread and  $\frac{1}{4}$  Pint Tea for each Male Patient at 5 p.m. Kitchen and Bakehouse women 1 pint Beer extra daily.  
 $\frac{1}{2}$  pint Beer at 11 a.m. and 4 p.m., for Male Patients employed in Grounds and Shops, and Female Patients in Laundry.  
 $\frac{1}{2}$  pint Beer at 11 a.m. for Female Patients employed in Workroom, also Male Patients cleaning Wards.  
 Tobacco and Snuff given as indulgences to the workers, &c.

January, 1861.

JOHN W. CLIFT,  
Storekeeper.

Handelmann's Asylum.

TOTALS OF SUMMARIES OF SICK AND EXTRA DIET LISTS FOR THE LAST DAY OF EACH MONTH IN THE YEAR 1860.

MALE SIDE.

	Meat Dinners.	Minced Meat.	Mutton Chops.	Pork Chops.	Bacon.	Fowl.	Fish.	Rice Pudding.	Batter Pudding.	Bread and Butter Pudding.	Currant Pudding.	Fruit Pudding.	Light Pudding.	Sago Pudding.	Eggs.	Butter in lieu of Cheese.	Cheese on Fridays.	Small Loaves.	Vegetables.	Onions.	Mutton Broth.	Beef Tea.	Barley Water.	Strong Beef Tea.	Arrow Root.	Gruel.	Milk.	Tea in the Morning.	Coffee.	Biscuits.	Oranges and Lemons.	Fruit.	Strawberries.	Figs.	Tobacco and Snuff.	Extra Beer.	Scotch Ale.	Pale Ale.	Porter.	Port Wine.	Sherry Wine.	Orange Wine.	Rum.	Brandy.	Gin.	Whiskey.	Cyder.		
31st January . . . . .	34	3	7	..	2	..	21	10	16	..	..	..	..	..	18	50	..	..	..	..	51	9	5	..	5	7	6	6	1	2	9	..	..	..	..	8	5	2	2	62	10	54	..	..	3	6	..	..	
29th February . . . . .	35	3	7	..	2	..	21	8	16	..	..	..	..	..	18	47	..	..	..	..	57	9	4	..	5	7	8	6	1	2	9	..	..	..	..	4	5	1	1	63	10	53	..	..	3	6	..	..	
31st March . . . . .	30	2	4	..	2	..	17	8	8	1	..	..	..	..	20	53	..	..	2	..	56	9	4	..	5	5	6	4	1	2	9	..	..	..	..	4	5	1	2	61	9	50	..	..	3	6	..	..	
30th April . . . . .	41	1	..	..	2	..	5	5	3	..	..	..	..	..	13	51	..	..	2	..	55	9	4	..	5	5	8	6	1	2	8	..	..	..	..	4	5	1	2	61	9	50	..	..	2	6	..	..	
31st May . . . . .	5	7	..	..	2	..	5	4	10	1	..	..	..	..	15	61	..	..	1	..	52	9	4	..	6	4	6	6	1	2	8	..	..	..	..	4	5	1	1	53	13	41	..	..	1	4	..	..	
30th June . . . . .	14	5	5	..	2	..	16	5	16	..	..	..	..	..	22	63	..	..	1	..	52	10	4	..	6	6	7	7	1	2	2	1	..	..	..	..	4	5	1	..	69	18	38	..	..	2	4	..	..
31st July . . . . .	36	7	..	..	2	..	9	9	15	..	..	..	..	..	13	64	..	..	1	..	50	12	4	..	5	8	8	10	2	5	..	4	..	..	..	4	5	1	..	67	19	39	..	..	1	4	..	..	
31st August . . . . .	29	7	..	..	2	..	13	5	17	..	..	..	..	..	13	68	..	..	1	..	50	17	4	..	8	8	10	8	2	..	..	3	..	..	..	4	5	1	..	63	27	38	..	..	1	4	..	..	
30th September . . . . .	30	5	..	..	2	..	5	9	20	1	..	..	..	..	11	66	..	..	1	..	46	21	1	..	6	4	8	10	2	..	..	3	..	..	..	4	5	1	..	62	22	36	..	..	3	3	..	..	
31st October . . . . .	33	7	8	..	2	..	17	11	26	..	..	..	..	..	22	69	..	..	1	..	43	22	1	..	7	6	9	9	2	..	..	3	..	..	..	4	5	2	..	63	14	36	..	..	16	3	..	..	
30th November . . . . .	..	9	1	2	3	..	9	7	19	..	..	..	..	..	15	68	..	..	1	..	44	21	1	..	7	6	10	13	5	..	..	2	..	..	..	4	5	1	..	64	14	35	..	..	6	3	..	..	
31st December . . . . .	42	6	3	3	3	..	3	13	18	..	..	..	..	..	17	61	..	..	1	..	42	26	1	..	9	8	13	13	3	..	..	2	..	..	..	4	5	1	..	58	16	33	..	..	4	3	..	..	

January, 1861.

JOHN W. CLIFT, Storekeeper.



# Handwell Lunatic Asylum.

TOTALS OF SUMMARIES OF SICK AND EXTRA DIET LISTS FOR THE LAST DAY OF EACH MONTH IN THE YEAR 1860.

FEMALE SIDE.

	Meat Linners.	Minced Meat.	Mutton Chops.	Pork Chops.	Bacon.	Fowl.	Fish.	Rice Pudding.	Batter Pudding.	Bread and Butter Pudding.	Curiant Pudding.	Fruit Pudding.	Sago Pudding.	Eggs.	Butter.	Cheese.	Small Loaves.	Vegetables.	Onions.	Mutton Broth.	Beef Tea.	Strong Beef Tea.	Barley Water.	Arrow Root.	Gruel.	Milk.	Cream.	Tea.	Biscuits.	Oranges and Lemons.	Fruit.	Strawberries.	Figs.	Extra Beer.	Scotch Ale.	Pale Ale.	Porter.	Port Wine.	Sherry Wine.	Orange Wine.	Rum.	Brandy.	Gin.	Whiskey.	Cyder.
31st January .....	30	30	9	8	13	23	7	1	1	1	1	1	1	19	8	45	4	1	1	19	14	4	1	4	3	26	1	1	3	9	6	1	1	23	3	3	80	14	81	2	1	52	1	1	1
29th February .....	58	10	10	4	29	21	20	1	1	1	1	1	1	20	8	49	5	1	1	20	14	4	1	4	4	22	1	1	4	6	1	1	23	3	3	83	12	89	3	1	42	1	1	1	
31st March .....	63	16	16	4	24	22	14	1	1	1	1	1	1	22	8	50	6	1	1	20	14	4	1	5	2	24	1	1	1	3	9	1	1	27	4	3	89	10	90	5	1	82	1	1	1
30th April .....	33	30	7	2	14	21	9	1	1	1	1	1	1	22	49	4	1	1	19	14	4	1	5	2	24	1	1	1	1	3	9	1	1	27	4	3	89	10	83	2	1	62	1	1	1
31st May .....	31	32	6	4	17	22	8	1	1	1	1	1	1	26	53	5	1	1	19	12	4	1	4	1	23	1	1	1	1	4	1	1	29	5	3	76	9	87	4	1	62	1	1	1	
30th June .....	26	15	15	6	29	15	15	1	1	1	1	1	1	23	8	58	6	1	1	17	13	4	1	4	1	26	1	1	1	4	1	1	31	5	3	83	9	97	2	1	92	1	1	1	
31st July .....	52	30	6	5	14	17	8	1	1	1	1	1	1	29	56	5	1	1	18	13	4	1	4	1	26	1	1	1	3	1	1	28	5	3	85	10	95	1	1	82	1	1	1		
31st August .....	52	30	4	2	27	17	11	1	1	1	1	1	1	31	60	3	1	1	19	13	4	1	4	1	28	1	1	1	4	1	1	29	6	3	94	10	88	4	1	82	1	1	1		
30th September ..	53	30	6	1	1	20	17	12	1	1	1	1	1	32	63	5	1	1	17	14	4	1	4	1	28	1	1	1	3	1	1	32	6	5	107	10	86	6	1	82	1	1	1		
31st October .....	54	30	13	5	35	24	22	1	1	1	1	1	1	30	60	4	1	1	13	14	4	1	6	1	29	1	1	1	3	1	1	30	3	5	109	12	87	5	1	72	1	1	1		
30th November ....	53	30	4	3	34	23	14	1	1	1	1	1	1	38	62	4	1	1	18	14	4	1	7	5	30	1	1	1	3	1	1	33	5	6	115	10	104	5	1	82	1	1	1		
31st December ....	55	30	9	3	33	25	11	1	1	1	1	1	1	39	44	61	5	1	17	15	4	1	8	5	30	1	1	1	3	1	1	35	6	5	117	10	104	6	1	83	1	1	1		

January 1861.

JOHN W. CLIFT, Storekeeper.

# MEDICAL TABLES.

TABLE I.

*Form of the Disease in the Cases of the 532 Patients admitted during the Year ending December 31st, 1860.*

<i>Form of Disease.</i>	M.	F.	TOTAL.
MANIA . . . . .	47	167	214
———, <i>Suicidal</i> . . . . .	4	63	67
——— with Epilepsy . . . . .	7	7	14
——— ———— Suicidal . . . . .	—	11	11
——— ———— Incipient General Paralysis } . . . . .	1	—	1
——— ———— General Paralysis . . . . .	11	9	20
——— ———— and } . . . . .	1	—	1
——— ———— Epilepsy . . . . .	1	—	1
——— General Paralysis, Suicidal . . . . .	—	2	2
——— Puerperal . . . . .	—	1	1
——— alternating with ME- } . . . . .	—	1	1
LANCHOLIA . . . . .	18	28	46
MELANCHOLIA . . . . .	10	11	21
———, <i>Suicidal</i> . . . . .	1	—	1
——— ———— with Epilepsy, . . . . .	2	—	2
——— ———— with General Pa- } . . . . .	2	—	2
ralysis. . . . .	2	—	2
——— ———— with General Pa- } . . . . .	27	34	61
ralysis, Suicidal } . . . . .	—	2	2
IMBECILITY . . . . .	13	9	22
———, <i>Suicidal</i> . . . . .	24	—	24
——— ———— with Epilepsy . . . . .	1	—	1
——— ———— with General Paralysis . . . . .	1	—	1
——— ———— with Chorea . . . . .	1	5	6
——— ———— with Paraplegia . . . . .	1	—	1
DEMENTIA . . . . .	2	1	3
——— ———— with General Pa- } . . . . .	6	—	6
ralysis. . . . .	1	1	2
IDIOTCY . . . . .	—	6	6
——— ———— with Epilepsy . . . . .	1	1	2
Total . . . . .	175	357	532

TABLE II.

*Combination of Mental Disease with Epilepsy in 51 Epileptic Cases, admitted during the Year ending December 31st, 1860.*

	M.	F.	Total.
With Mania . . . . .	6	7	13
„ „ Suicidal . . . . .	1	11	12
„ „ and General Paralysis . . . . .	1	—	1
With Melancholia . . . . .	1	—	1
With Imbecility . . . . .	11	9	20
„ „ Suicidal . . . . .	2	—	2
IDIOTCY . . . . .	1	1	2
Total . . . . .	23	28	51

TABLE III.

*Duration of the Disorder in the 532 Cases admitted during the Year ending December 31st, 1860.*

DURATION.	M.	F.	Total.
Not exceeding 1 Month . . . . .	21	32	53
„ 2 „ . . . . .	5	10	15
„ 3 „ . . . . .	15	8	23
„ 4 „ . . . . .	2	2	4
„ 5 „ . . . . .	1	3	4
„ 6 „ . . . . .	12	3	15
„ 7 „ . . . . .	1	2	3
„ 8 „ . . . . .	1	2	3
„ 9 „ . . . . .	—	4	4
„ 1 Year . . . . .	13	7	20
„ 2 „ . . . . .	14	12	26
„ 3 „ . . . . .	5	12	17
„ 4 „ . . . . .	7	7	14
„ 5 „ . . . . .	2	1	3
„ 6 „ . . . . .	2	7	9
„ 7 „ . . . . .	1	3	4
„ 8 „ . . . . .	1	3	4
„ 9 „ . . . . .	2	—	2
„ 10 „ . . . . .	1	3	4
„ 12 „ . . . . .	2	2	4
„ 14 „ . . . . .	2	—	2
„ 15 „ . . . . .	—	2	2
„ 16 „ . . . . .	—	1	1
„ 17 „ . . . . .	—	3	3
„ 18 „ . . . . .	—	—	—
„ 19 „ . . . . .	—	—	—
„ 20 „ . . . . .	—	1	1
„ 30 „ . . . . .	1	—	1
„ 39 „ . . . . .	—	1	1
From Infancy . . . . .	4	5	9
Not Ascertained . . . . .	60	221	281
Total . . . . .	175	357	532



TABLE IV.

*Causes of the Disorder in the 532 Patients admitted during the  
Year ending December 31st, 1860.*

MALES.		FEMALES.	
MORAL.		MORAL.	
Failure in Business.....	6	Domestic Troubles.....	5
Death and illness of Relatives	7	Anxiety .....	8
Pecuniary and other Losses ..	6	Grief .....	3
Fright .....	3	Fright.....	4
Loss of Employment.....	4	Unhappy Marriage .....	5
Disappointed Affection .....	1	Over-anxiety on Religious )	9
Remorse .....	1	Subjects .....	9
Misconduct of Wives.....	2	Disappointments .....	9
Fretting at Difficulties .....	2	Loss of Children and other )	4
—	—	Relatives .....	4
	32	Illusage .....	1
		Joy .....	2
		Jealousy.....	1
		Remorse.....	1
		—	—
			52
PHYSICAL.		PHYSICAL.	
Self Deprivation of Rest ..	2	Epilepsy.....	14
Intemperance .....	24	Poverty .....	6
Epilepsy .....	12	Injury of the Head ....	1
Bad State of Health ....	12	Intemperance.....	9
Previous Attack.....	1	Congenital Defect .....	7
Paralysis .....	1	Parturition.....	4
Submersion (Accidental)..	1	Abortion.....	1
Injury of the Head .....	6	Old Age.....	2
Insufficient Food .....	1	Fever .....	1
Congenital Defect .....	2	—	—
Over-study .....	1		35
Over-work .....	1	Hereditary Predisposition ..	22
—	—	—	—
Hereditary Predisposition ....	24		109
—	—	Deduct repetitions for com- }	5
	110	bined causes.....	5
Deduct repetitions for com- }	15	—	—
bined causes.....	—		104
—	95	Not ascertained .....	253
Not ascertained .....	80	—	—
—	—		357
	175		—
—	—		—

TABLE V.

*Station or Occupation of the 532 Patients admitted during the Year ending December 31st, 1860.*

MALES.			
Publican .....	1	Civil Engineer.....	1
Carpenters .....	11	No occupation, or not ascer-	
Labourers.....	10	tained .....	68
Waiter .....	1	Total .....	175
Tailors .....	4		—
Gardeners .....	2	FEMALES.	
Sailors .....	2	Domestic Servants .....	26
Clerks .....	3	Needlewoman .....	1
Drawing Master .....	1	Housewives .....	15
Discharged Soldiers .....	2	Housekeeper .....	1
Paviors.....	2	Dressmakers .....	3
House Painters .....	7	Upholsteress .....	1
Bargeman .....	1	Cooks.....	6
Boot and Shoe Makers .....	3	Hawkers .....	2
Warehouseman .....	1	Governesses.....	4
Tutors .....	2	Lodging-house Keeper .....	1
Domestic Servants .....	6	Laundresses.....	2
Law Clerk .....	1	Bootmaker .....	1
Solicitor .....	1	Straw Plaiters .....	2
Fruit Salesman .....	1	Student of Music.....	1
Slater .....	1	Housekeeper .....	1
Merchant.....	1	Field Labourer .....	1
Cooks .....	2	Stay Maker .....	1
Draper.....	1	Greengrocer.....	1
Actor .....	1	Lady's Maid .....	1
Commercial Traveller.....	1	Nurse Maid.....	1
Grooms and Men employed		Nurse .....	1
about Horses .....	10	Schoolmistress.....	1
Sheriffs' Officer .....	1	Wives of the following, having	
Coach Painter.....	1	no separate occupation them-	
Artist .....	1	selves:—	
Jeweller .....	1	Engineer .....	1
Wig Makers.....	2	Smith .....	1
Courier.....	1	Porter .....	1
Bricklayers .....	2	Butchers .....	2
Dresser at a Theatre .....	1	Ostler .....	1
Diaper .....	1	Carpenter.....	1
Turner .....	1	Groom .....	1
Baker .....	1	Omnibus Conductor .....	1
Errand Boys .....	3	Labourers.....	2
Oilman.....	1	Police Constable.....	1
Shipowner .....	1	Harness Maker .....	1
Analytical Chemist.....	1	Carman .....	1
Light Porter .....	1	Tailor .....	1
Grocers' Assistant .....	1	Painter .....	1
Milkman .....	1		—
Law Student .....	1		90
Lamplighter .....	1	No occupation, or not ascer-	
Truss Maker .....	1	tained .....	267
Farrier .....	1	Total .....	357
Harness Maker .....	1		—

TABLE VI.

*Degree of Education of the 532 Patients admitted during the Year ending December 31st, 1860.*

	M.	F.	Total.
Well Educated..	3	8	11
Plainly Educated	40	2	42
Can Read & Write	53	75	128
Can Read .....	1	19	20
Cannot Read } or Write .. }	18	26	44
Not ascertained	60	227	287
Total.....	175	357	532

TABLE VII.

*Proportion of the Married and Single, and Widows and Widowers, of the 532 Patients admitted during the Year ending December 31st, 1860.*

	M.	F.	Total.
Single .....	52	106	158
Married .....	65	65	130
Widows .....	—	19	19
Widowers .....	3	—	3
Not ascertained..	55	167	222
Total.....	175	357	532

TABLE VIII.

*Religion of the 532 Patients admitted during the Year ending December 31st, 1860.*

	M.	F.	Total.
Church of England	95	115	210
Roman Catholic..	9	19	28
Independent ....	3	8	11
Wesleyan .....	6	2	8
Baptist .....	—	6	6
Presbyterian ...	2	1	3
Jewish .....	1	—	1
Not ascertained ..	39	206	265
Total.....	175	357	532



## TABLES IX. and X.

*Age at the time of the First Attack of Insanity, and of Admission into the Asylum, of the 532 Patients admitted during the Year ending December 31st, 1860.*

AGE.	First Attack.			Admission.		
	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.
From 5 to 10 Years . .	1	2	3	2	—	2
„ 10 o 15 „ . .	4	5	9	2	3	5
„ 15 to 20 „ . .	9	16	25	9	12	21
„ 20 to 25 „ . .	11	16	37	10	18	28
„ 25 to 30 „ . .	10	16	26	10	19	29
„ 30 to 35 „ . .	16	13	29	25	22	47
„ 35 to 40 „ . .	8	19	27	8	18	26
„ 40 to 45 „ . .	10	16	26	11	15	26
„ 45 to 50 „ . .	6	15	21	12	15	27
„ 50 to 55 „ . .	9	11	20	9	19	28
„ 55 to 60 „ . .	2	6	8	3	8	11
„ 60 to 65 „ . .	4	2	6	4	3	7
„ 65 to 70 „ . .	1	5	6	2	5	7
„ 70 to 75 „ . .	1	—	1	1	—	1
„ 75 to 80 „ . .	—	2	2	—	1	1
„ 80 to 85 „ . .	—	—	—	—	1	1
From Birth . . . .	—	5	5	—	—	—
Not ascertained . . .	83	208	291	67	198	265
Total . . . .	175	357	532	175	357	532

TABLE XI.

*Causes of the Disorder in the 57 Cases discharged Cured  
during the Year ending December 31st, 1860.*

MALES.		FEMALES.	
<i>Moral.</i>		<i>Moral.</i>	
Fretting at difficulties and losses	3	Over anxiety on religious subjects .. .. .	1
Over anxiety on religious subjects	1	Fright .. .. .	1
Illness and death of relatives ..	3	Suicide of husband .. .. .	1
Anxiety .. .. .	1	Disappointed affection .. .. .	2
Remorse .. .. .	1	Reverses .. .. .	1
	— 9	Recent marriage .. .. .	1
		Grief .. .. .	1
		Indigence .. .. .	1
			— 9
<i>Physical.</i>		<i>Physical.</i>	
Injury of the head .. .. .	1	Former attack .. .. .	1
Intemperance .. .. .	6	Parturition .. .. .	2
Self deprivation of rest .. .. .	1	Superlactation .. .. .	1
Fatigue .. .. .	1	Scarlatina .. .. .	1
Previous attack .. .. .	1	Intemperance .. .. .	2
Insufficient food .. .. .	1	Spinal Curvature .. .. .	1
	— 11	Abortion .. .. .	1
			— 9
Hereditary predisposition .. .. .	5	Hereditary predisposition .. .. .	4
	— 25		— 22
Deduct repetitions for combined causes .. .. .	7	Not ascertained .. .. .	17
	— 18		— 39

## TABLES XII., XIII., XIV., and XV.

*Form of the Disease,—Duration of the Disease on Admission,—Age,—and Length of Time under Treatment in the Asylum, in the Cases of the 57 Patients discharged Cured during the Year ending December 31st, 1860.*

TABLE XII.

Form of Disease.	M.	F.	Total.
Mania.....	10	29	39
——Suicidal.....	—	1	1
——Puerperal.....	—	1	1
——with Incipient } General Paralysis }	—	—	—
——alternating with } Melancholia.. }	—	—	—
Melancholia.....	4	7	11
——Suicidal....	4	1	5
Imbecility....	—	—	—
Total .....	18	39	57

TABLE XIV.

Age.	M.	F.	Total.
From 15 to 20 years ..	1	5	6
„ 20 to 25 .....	2	9	11
„ 25 to 30 .....	3	3	6
„ 30 to 35 .....	2	4	6
„ 35 to 40 .....	—	3	3
„ 40 to 45 .....	2	3	5
„ 45 to 50 .....	4	2	6
„ 50 to 55 .....	1	1	2
„ 55 to 60 .....	1	1	2
„ 60 to 65 .....	—	—	—
„ 65 to 70 .....	—	—	—
Not ascertained .....	2	8	10
Total .....	18	39	57

TABLE XIII.

Duration of Disease,	M.	F.	Total.
Not exceeding 1 Month	6	15	21
„ 3 Months	3	7	10
„ 6 „	2	1	3
„ 1 Year...	—	1	1
„ 2 Years.	3	1	4
„ 3 „	1	—	1
„ 4 „	—	1	1
„ 5 „	—	—	—
„ 6 „	—	—	—
„ 7 „	—	1	1
„ 8 „	—	—	—
„ 9 „	—	—	—
„ 10 „	—	—	—
„ 11 „	—	—	—
„ 12 „	—	—	—
„ 13 „	—	—	—
„ 35 „	—	—	—
From Childhood.....	—	—	—
Not ascertained .....	3	2	5
Total .....	18	39	57

TABLE XV.

Time of Treatment.	M.	F.	Total.
Not exceeding 1 Month	1	—	1
„ 2 Months	1	3	4
„ 3 „	3	7	10
„ 6 „	8	7	15
„ 8 „	—	7	7
„ 9 „	3	4	7
„ 1 Year..	1	7	8
„ 2 Years.	—	—	—
„ 3 „	—	2	2
„ 4 „	—	2	2
„ 5 „	—	—	—
„ 6 „	—	—	—
„ 7 „	—	—	—
„ 8 „	—	—	—
„ 9 „	1	—	1
„ 10 „	—	—	—
„ 11 „	—	—	—
„ 12 „	—	—	—
Total .....	18	39	57



## TABLES XVI., XVII., XVIII., and XIX.

*Similar Tables in the Cases of the 112 Patients who have Died in the Year ending  
December 31st 1860.*

TABLE XVI.

Form of Disease.	M.	F.	Total.
MANIA.....	6	29	35
— Suicidal .....	—	1	1
— with Epilepsy .....	2	2	4
— Suicidal.....	—	—	—
— with General Paralysis.....	7	3	10
MELANCHOLIA .....	2	7	9
— with General Paralysis	1	—	1
INCOHERENCE .. .....	1	—	1
— with General Paralysis	—	—	—
IMBECILITY.....	8	8	16
— with General Paralysis	17	—	17
— and Epilepsy	1	—	1
— with Epilepsy .....	4	1	5
— Senile .....	—	—	—
DEMENTIA .....	5	3	8
— with General Paralysis..	3	—	3
EPILEPSY .....	—	—	—
Idiocy .....	1	—	1
Moribund on admission .....	—	—	—
Total .....	58	54	112

TABLE XVIII.

AGE.	M.	F.	Total.
From 5 to 10 years....	—	—	1
" 10 to 15 " ....	1	—	1
" 15 to 20 " ....	—	—	—
" 20 to 25 " ....	—	—	—
" 25 to 30 " ....	1	3	4
" 30 to 35 " ....	5	1	6
" 35 to 40 " ....	3	1	4
" 40 to 45 " ....	4	3	7
" 45 to 50 " ....	10	3	13
" 50 to 55 " ....	4	3	7
" 55 to 60 " ....	4	5	8
" 60 to 65 " ....	1	3	4
" 65 to 70 " ....	6	1	7
" 70 to 75 " ....	1	7	8
" 75 to 80 " ....	3	4	7
" 80 to 85 " ....	—	2	2
" 85 to 90 " ....	—	1	1
" 95 to 100 " ....	—	—	—
Not ascertained.....	15	17	42
Total .....	58	54	112

TABLE XVII.

Duration.	M.	F.	Total.
From Childhood .....	1	1	2
Not exceeding 3 Months.....	3	11	14
" 6 " .....	—	7	7
" 9 " .....	2	2	4
" 1 Year .....	4	2	6
" 2 Years .....	3	4	7
" 3 " .....	9	1	10
" 4 " .....	4	2	6
" 5 " .....	1	—	1
" 6 " .....	2	1	3
" 7 " .....	—	1	1
" 8 " .....	2	—	2
" 9 " .....	1	—	1
" 10 " .....	—	2	2
" 11 " .....	—	—	—
" 12 " .....	—	—	—
" 13 " .....	1	—	1
" 14 " .....	—	—	—
" 15 " .....	—	3	3
" 16 " .....	—	—	—
" 17 " .....	—	1	1
" 18 " .....	—	—	—
" 19 " .....	—	1	1
" 20 " .....	—	—	—
" 21 " .....	—	1	1
" 22 " .....	1	2	3
" 24 " .....	1	—	1
" 26 " .....	—	—	—
" 27 " .....	—	—	—
" 28 " .....	2	2	4
" 30 " .....	1	1	2
" 31 " .....	1	—	1
" 34 " .....	—	1	1
" 39 " .....	1	1	2
" 43 " .....	2	1	3
" 47 " .....	—	1	1
Not ascertained .....	16	5	21
Total .....	58	54	112

TABLE XIX.

Time under Treatment.	M.	F.	Total.
Not exceeding 1 Week. ..	5	2	7
" 1 Fortnight	3	3	6
" 1 Month ..	4	2	6
" 3 Months ..	10	8	18
" 6 " ....	6	10	16
" 9 " ....	7	2	9
" 1 Year ....	2	2	4
" 2 Years ..	4	2	6
" 3 " ....	1	1	2
" 4 " ....	1	2	3
" 5 " ....	—	—	—
" 6 " ....	2	2	4
" 7 " ....	3	1	4
" 8 " ....	1	2	3
" 9 " ....	—	3	3
" 10 " ....	—	—	—
" 11 " ....	—	—	—
" 12 " ....	—	—	—
" 13 " ..	—	1	1
" 14 " ....	—	1	1
" 15 " ....	—	—	—
" 16 " ....	—	—	—
" 17 " ....	—	—	—
" 18 " ....	—	—	—
" 19 " ....	1	—	1
" 20 " ....	—	1	1
" 21 " ....	—	3	3
" 22 " ....	3	3	6
" 23 " ....	1	—	1
" 24 " ....	—	—	—
" 25 " ....	—	—	—
" 26 " ....	—	—	—
" 27 " ....	1	—	1
" 28 " ....	2	2	4
" 29 " ....	1	1	2
Total .....	58	54	112

TABLE XX.

*Length of Time that the 2,109 Patients who have Died, from the opening of the Institution to the 31st December, 1860, had been under Treatment in the Asylum.*

Time of Treatment.	M.	F.	TOTAL.
Not exceeding 1 Week.	14	11	25
„ 1 Fortnight.	44	25	69
„ 1 Month.	62	28	90
„ 3 Months.	122	72	194
„ 6 „	155	75	230
„ 9 „	91	61	152
„ 1 Year.	71	43	114
„ 2 Years.	167	102	269
„ 3 „	89	82	171
„ 4 „	83	50	133
„ 5 „	49	41	90
„ 6 „	33	38	71
„ 7 „	35	35	70
„ 8 „	26	28	54
„ 9 „	20	32	52
„ 10 „	23	32	55
„ 11 „	11	20	31
„ 12 „	8	23	31
„ 13 „	10	18	28
„ 14 „	23	15	38
„ 15 „	12	11	23
„ 16 „	7	16	23
„ 17 „	5	15	20
„ 18 „	10	9	19
„ 19 „	7	6	13
„ 20 „	2	12	14
„ 21 „	9	7	23
„ 22 „	6	9	15
„ 23 „	7	4	11
„ 24 „	5	1	6
„ 25 „	1	3	4
„ 26 „	1	6	7
„ 27 „	2	3	5
„ 28 „	3	3	6
„ 29 „	1	1	2
Total . . . .	1,172	937	2,109

TABLE XXI.

*Annual per Cent. of Cures and Deaths, from the opening of the Institution, 16th May, 1831, to the 31st December, 1860.*

Years ending 31st December.	Average Number of Patients.	Number of Cures.	Per Centage of Cures.	Number of Deaths.	Pr. Centage of Deaths.
1831 from May 16	200	20	10.00	21	10.50
1832	427	64	14.99	99	23.18
1833	537	59	10.99	77	14.34
1834	564	48	8.51	58	10.28
1835	580	28	4.83	71	12.24
1836	611	37	6.06	65	10.64
1837	608	27	4.44	48	7.89
1838	662	33	4.98	89	13.44
1839	803	88	10.96	78	9.71
1840	849	52	6.12	66	7.77
1841	899	47	5.23	86	9.57
1842	949	63	6.64	90	9.48
1843	980	47	4.79	61	6.22
1844	983	38	3.87	68	6.92
1845	984	27	2.75	65	6.68
1846	977	21	2.15	73	7.47
1847	973	40	4.11	59	6.06
1848	967	29	3.00	77	7.96
1849	961	33	3.43	69	7.18
1850	962	47	4.88	64	6.65
1851	959	27	2.82	53	5.53
1852	962	43	4.47	51	5.30
1853	968	43	4.44	68	7.00
1854	979	30	3.10	81	8.27
1855	1017	37	3.64	95	9.34
1856	1020	47	4.61	72	7.06
1857	1033	55	5.32	60	5.80
1858	1034	45	4.35	70	6.76
1859	1021	42	4.11	63	6.17
1860	1181	57	4.82	112	9.48
Total		1,274	5.45	2,109	8.81



TABLE XXII.

*Causes of the 112 Deaths in the Year ending December 31st, 1860.*

	M.	F.	Total.
Apoplexy .....	4	1	5
General Paralysis .....	16	4	20
Coma .....	—	6	6
Exhaustion after Mania .....	4	2	6
Epilepsy .....	4	—	4
Fatal Syncope.....	1	1	2
A Fit .....	—	1	1
Exhaustion after Epilepsy.....	—	3	3
Pneumonia .....	—	3	3
Bronchitis .....	—	1	1
Pleuritis .....	—	1	1
Tumour of the Epiglottes .....	—	1	1
Phthisis .....	3	3	6
Valvular Disease of Heart .....	—	1	1
Endocarditis .....	1	—	1
Pericarditis.....	1	—	1
Hydrothorax .....	1	—	1
Pycæmia .....	1	1	2
General Decay .....	—	2	2
„ Debility .....	12	1	13
Exhaustion .....	—	18	18
Disease of Kidneys .....	1	—	1
Colitis .....	1	—	1
Peritonitis .....	1	1	2
Spinal Disease .....	—	1	1
Constitutional Irritation, consequent upon gan- grenous ulcer of the Face, and necrosis of sub- maxillary bone .....	1	—	1
Perforating Ulcer of Duodenum .....	1	—	1
Typhoid Fever.....	—	2	2
<i>Verdicts of Coroners' Juries.</i>			
“General Paralysis” .....	1	—	1
“Disease of Heart and Congestion of Lungs.— No default” .....	1	—	1
“Congestion of Blood in the Brain, whether caused by a blow, or an accidental fall, not evidence to prove” .....	1	—	1
“Softening of Base of Brain” .....	1	—	1
“Sanguineous Apoplexy from fracture of Base of Skull, caused by a fall in an Epileptic Fit” ..	1	—	1
Total.....	58	54	112

TABLE XXIII.

*Form of Disease in the Cases of the 1,327 Patients remaining in the  
Asylum on the 31st December, 1860.*

FORM OF DISEASE.	M.	F.	Total.
MANIA .....	156	331	
—, <i>Suicidal</i> .....	25	81	
— with Epilepsy .....	27	16	
—, <i>Suicidal</i> .....	4	3	
— with General Paralysis .....	18	11	
—, and Epilepsy .....	1	—	
— Puerperal .....	1	1	
— with Delusions .....	—	16	
— with Hysteria .....	—	2	
— alternating with Melancholia .....	2	—	
	234	461	695
MELANCHOLIA .....	31	86	
—, <i>Suicidal</i> .....	40	49	
—, with Epilepsy .....	1	2	
—, <i>Suicidal</i> .....	—	3	
—, with General Paralysis .....	3	4	
— <i>Suicidal</i> .....	3	—	
	78	144	222
INCOHERENCE .....	15	60	
— with Epilepsy .....	—	—	
— with Paralysis .....	1	—	
— with occasional Violence .....	—	3	
	16	63	79
IMBECILITY .....	81	80	
—, <i>Suicidal</i> .....	—	—	
— with Epilepsy .....	28	25	
— with Paralysis .....	—	3	
— with General Paralysis .....	22	—	
— with Paralysis and Epilepsy .....	1	—	
— with occasional Violence .....	—	2	
—, Senile .....	—	5	
—, <i>Suicidal</i> .....	1	—	
	133	115	248
DEMENTIA .....	14	42	
— with Epilepsy .....	4	—	
— with Paralysis .....	—	—	
— with General Paralysis .....	—	2	
— with occasional Violence .....	—	4	
	18	48	66
IDIOCY .....	5	9	
— with Epilepsy .....	1	2	
	6	11	17
Total .....	485	842	1327

TABLE XXIV.

*Duration of the Insanity in the Cases of the 1,327 Patients remaining in the Asylum on the 31st December, 1860.*

DURATION.	M.	F.	Total.
Not exceeding 3 Months	3	7	10
„ 6 „	7	11	18
„ 9 „	12	13	25
„ 1 Year	18	20	38
„ 2 Years	27	21	48
„ 3 „	28	31	59
„ 4 „	17	25	42
„ 5 „	11	10	21
„ 6 „	18	14	32
„ 7 „	14	11	25
„ 8 „	13	8	21
„ 9 „	9	14	23
„ 10 „	6	13	19
„ 11 „	8	16	24
„ 12 „	8	14	22
„ 13 „	7	16	23
„ 14 „	10	17	27
„ 15 „	10	13	23
„ 16 „	11	18	29
„ 17 „	9	17	26
„ 18 „	10	19	29
„ 19 „	8	10	18
„ 20 „	8	19	27
„ 21 „	9	17	26
„ 22 „	10	6	16
„ 23 „	7	10	17
„ 24 „	7	14	21
„ 25 „	6	13	19
„ 26 „	5	14	19
„ 27 „	11	15	26
„ 28 „	4	14	18
„ 29 „	3	5	8
„ 30 „	9	7	16
„ 31 „	1	11	12
„ 32 „	1	9	10
„ 33 „	3	2	5
„ 34 „	2	3	5
„ 35 „	3	2	5
„ 36 „	2	4	6
„ 37 „	1	5	6
„ 38 „	2	3	5
„ 39 „	2	7	9
„ 40 „	—	3	3
„ 41 „	2	3	5
„ 42 „	—	4	4
„ 43 „	—	—	—
„ 44 „	—	—	—
„ 45 „	1	1	2
„ 53 „	1	1	2
From birth .....	18	20	38
Not ascertained .....	95	292	387
Total.....	485	842	1327

TABLE XXV.

*Ages of the 1,327 Patients remaining in the Asylum on the 31st December, 1860.*

AGES.	M.	F.	Total.
From 5 to 10 Years....	—	—	—
„ 10 to 15 „ ....	2	3	5
„ 15 to 20 „ ....	20	26	46
„ 20 to 25 „ ....	23	46	69
„ 25 to 30 „ ....	40	56	96
„ 30 to 35 „ ....	60	61	126
„ 35 to 40 „ ....	41	82	123
„ 40 to 45 „ ....	51	91	142
„ 45 to 50 „ ....	61	80	141
„ 50 to 55 „ ....	60	92	152
„ 55 to 60 „ ....	28	81	109
„ 60 to 65 „ ....	20	43	63
„ 65 to 70 „ ....	9	10	19
„ 70 to 75 „ ....	1	2	3
„ 75 to 80 „ ....	2	2	4
„ 80 to 85 „ ....	—	—	—
„ 85 to 90 „ ....	—	—	—
„ 90 to 95 „ ....	—	—	—
Not ascertained.....	67	168	235
Total .....	485	842	1327

TABLE XXVI.

*Length of Time that the 1,327 Patients remaining on the 31st December, 1860, have been in the Asylum.*

TIME.	M.	F.	Total.
Not exceeding 3 Months	25	104	129
„ 6 „	34	85	119
„ 9 „	50	80	130
„ 1 Year	14	30	45
„ 2 Years	35	54	89
„ 3 „	20	24	44
„ 4 „	18	27	45
„ 5 „	20	19	39
„ 6 „	18	21	39
„ 7 „	14	25	39
„ 8 „	12	15	27
„ 9 „	10	19	29
„ 10 „	29	41	70
„ 11 „	13	16	29
„ 12 „	9	13	22
„ 13 „	7	9	16
„ 14 „	6	8	14
„ 15 „	6	5	11
„ 16 „	9	12	21
„ 17 „	12	20	32
„ 18 „	9	14	23
„ 19 „	12	23	35
„ 20 „	9	18	27
„ 21 „	11	11	22
„ 22 „	12	12	24
„ 23 „	15	53	68
„ 24 „	3	7	10
„ 25 „	8	6	14
„ 26 „	7	6	13
„ 27 „	3	6	9
„ 28 „	7	15	22
„ 29 „	12	23	35
„ 30 „	16	20	36
Total.....	485	842	1327



## Middlesex.

---

TO HER MAJESTY'S JUSTICES OF THE PEACE  
FOR THE COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX IN QUARTER  
SESSION ASSEMBLED.

---

*The FORTY-SEVENTH REPORT of Messrs.  
ALLEN, of Carlisle Street, Soho Square,  
Attorneys-at-Law.*

Messrs. ALLEN have to report, that during [the year 1860 the Settlements of 5 criminal Lunatics confined in the County Asylums at Hanwell and Colney Hatch, under Warrants of Her Majesty's Secretary of State for the Home Department, were discovered and adjudicated, and that one of such Lunatics belonged to a Parish in Northamptonshire, another to a Parish in Suffolk, and another to a Parish in Wiltshire.

They have inquired into the cases of 6 other criminal Lunatics. In 4 of them they have been unable to discover settlements. The other 2 were on the 1st of January instant under investigation, and in one of those 2 a settlement has since been discovered and adjudicated.

The case of a Lunatic, not under proper care and control, sent to the Asylum at Hanwell from the Police Court in Bow Street on the 21st of February last, has, upon the application of Messrs. Allen, been investigated by the Overseers of the Parish of St. Paul's, Covent Garden, and the Lunatic's settlement has been adjudicated to be in the Parish of Lewisham, in the County of Kent.

The settlement of 1 Pauper Lunatic, who had in May last been made chargeable to the County, has been discovered and adjudged, and an Order made for payment of his past and future maintenance in the Asylum.

On the 1st of January instant the case of a wandering Lunatic, sent to the Asylum at Colney Hatch on the 7th of July last, was likewise under investigation, and since that time the Lunatic's settlement has been ascertained, and an Order for his past and future maintenance made upon the Parish of Edmonton.

Messrs. Allen have attended at the Metropolitan Police Courts, at petty Sessions, and on Parish Officers, and made inquiries relative to 100 other Lunatics, in consequence of Notices given (under the 98th Section of the Act of 16 and 17 Victoria, cap. 97) to the Clerk of the Peace by Parish Officers of their intention to apply for Orders charging the County with the Lunatics' maintenance. In 23 of those cases the applications were abandoned by the Parish Officers, or Orders upon the County Treasurer were refused to be made by the Magistrates, in consequence of information obtained by Messrs. Allen. In 76 of the cases the Paupers were deemed chargeable to the County—56 of them being Natives of Ireland or Scotland, or being Foreigners—and one case is still under investigation.

The Order obtained on the 8th of February, 1859 (alluded to in Messrs. Allen's last Report), adjudging the settlement of a Lunatic Pauper to be in the Parish of All Saints, Poplar, as to the validity of which, upon a point of great importance to the County, a case had been stated for the opinion of the Court of Queen's Bench, was affirmed by that Court in the month of May last; and the sum of £38 4s. 1d. for maintenance has since been repaid to the County Treasurer.

Messrs. Allen have received from the Overseers of All Saints £26 for costs, which sum they have given credit for at the foot of their Bill relating to the Lunatics' settlements.

The sum of £23 1s. 8d. has been ordered to be repaid to the County Treasurer in the 5 cases of criminal Lunatics, and in the case of the Pauper Lunatic whose settlement was adjudged previously to the 1st instant.

Messrs. Allen have likewise received the Pension of a Pauper Lunatic, amounting to £12 4s., and paid that sum to the County Treasurer.

The expenses incurred in the 115 cases before mentioned, and for correspondence, attendances and inquiries in 6 other cases, with the view of protecting the interests of the County, including a portion of the costs in the Court of Queen's Bench in the litigation with All Saints, Poplar, and payments to Country Agents and to Witnesses, and after giving credit for the £26 received from All Saints, Poplar, amount to the sum of £339 6s.

Messrs. Allen have to observe, that, if the making of Orders on the County Treasurer in the 23 cases had not been successfully opposed, the County Rate would not only have been charged with the expense of the maintenance of those Lunatics incurred within the previous twelve months, but would also, according to the present weekly rates charged at the County and Private Asylums, have been liable to the payment of about £592 a year for the Patients' future maintenance, so long as they remained in the County or Private Asylums; and that the expense of maintaining the 5 criminal Lunatics and 1 Pauper Lunatic, whose settlements have been discovered and adjudged previous to the 1st of



January instant, and of the Lunatic taken charge of by the Overseers of St. Paul, Covent Garden, and the Lunatic decided by the Court of Queen's Bench to belong to All Saints, Poplar, would have amounted to about £206 a year.

All which Messrs. Allen submit, &c.

C. and J. ALLEN and SON.

17th January, 1861.

---

## APPENDIX.

---

Total number of Cases from 1st January 1860 to )		
1st January 1861 .....	)	121
Adjudged to parishes—criminal } Lunatics .....	} 5	
Lunatic not under proper care } and treatment; taken charge of } by St. Paul, Covent Garden ..	} 1	
Adjudged to a parish—Pauper } Lunatic .....	} 1	
Applications to charge the County } abandoned, or Orders refused ..	} 23	
Order confirmed by Court of } Queen's Bench .....	} 1	
	—	31
Inquiries in the cases of criminal } Lunatics in which settlements cannot } be discovered .....	} 4	
Cases of criminal and Pauper Lunatics } and of a wandering Lunatic under } investigation on 1st January 1861 .	} 4	
Adjudged chargeable to the County ....	76	
Correspondence and inquiries made in..	6	
	—	121

---

1861. Jan. 1st. *AN ABSTRACT of the Annual Returns of Pauper Lunatics (made pursuant to the 64th Section of the 16th & 17th Vict., cap. 97,) chargeable to Parishes and places in Middlesex.*

UNIONS AND PARISHES.	In County Asylum, Hanwell.		In County Asylum, Colney Hatch.		In Private Asylums.		In Work- houses.		With Friends.		In Asylums in other Counties.		TOTAL.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
<b>BARNET UNION—</b>														
Finchley .....	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2
Fryern Barnet .....	—	—	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1
Hadley .....	—	—	1	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	2
South Mimms .....	1	—	—	1	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	3	1
Common Fund .....	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2
<b>BRENTFORD UNION—</b>														
Acton .....	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—
Brentford, New .....	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
Chiswick .....	4	3	1	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	6	3
Ealing .....	7	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	10
Greenford .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hanwell .....	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
Heston .....	4	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	3
Isleworth .....	3	5	—	—	—	—	1	1	—	—	—	—	4	6
Perrivale .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Twickenham .....	2	9	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	9
Common Fund .....	3	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	6
<b>EDMONTON UNION—</b>														
Edmonton .....	—	—	5	13	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	5	14
Enfield .....	—	1	4	6	—	—	1	1	—	—	—	—	5	8
Hornsey .....	—	1	3	9	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	4	10
Tottenham .....	—	—	6	8	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	6	9
<b>HACKNEY UNION—</b>														
Hackney .....	3	12	29	44	—	1	13	11	3	1	—	—	48	69
Stoke Newington .....	1	—	2	2	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	3	3
<b>HENDON UNION—</b>														
Edgware .....	1	1	—	1	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	1	3
Harrow .....	2	1	1	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	3	2
Hendon .....	—	3	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	1	3
Kingsbury .....	—	1	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	2
Pinner .....	1	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	2
Stanmore, Great .....	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1
Ditto Little .....	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
Willesden .....	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2
Union or Common Fund ....	—	2	1	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	2	2
<b>HOLBORN UNION—</b>														
Holborn .....	1	3	8	18	—	—	6	7	—	—	—	—	15	28
Saffron Hill .....	—	—	2	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	10
St. Sepulchre .....	—	—	1	6	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	2	6
Union or Common Fund ....	1	—	5	3	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	6	5
<b>FULHAM UNION—</b>														
Fulham .....	7	11	3	—	—	—	3	3	—	—	—	—	13	14
Hammersmith .....	22	17	—	—	—	1	3	5	—	—	—	—	25	23
Common Fund .....	2	6	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	4	6
<b>KINGSTON UNION—</b>														
Hampton .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	3	—	—	—	—	1	3
Hampton Wick .....	1	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	4
<b>LONDON, EAST, UNION—</b>														
Glasshouse Yard .....	—	2	2	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	3
<b>POPLAR UNION—</b>														
Bromley .....	2	1	5	10	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	9	11
Poplar .....	—	2	14	14	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	15	16
Stratford-le-Bow .....	—	2	7	8	—	—	2	2	—	—	—	—	9	12
Common Fund .....	—	—	9	13	—	—	3	—	—	—	—	—	12	13
<b>STAINES UNION—</b>														
Ashford .....	—	1	—	—	—	—	1	1	—	—	—	—	1	2
Bedfont, East, with Hatton ..	2	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	2
Cranford .....	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
Feltham .....	2	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	2
Hanworth .....	1	1	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	2	1
Harlington .....	—	1	1	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	1	2
Harmondsworth .....	—	2	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	1	2
Laleham .....	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
Littleton .....	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
Shepperton .....	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
Stanwell .....	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—
Sunbury .....	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	3
Common Fund .....	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—
Carried forward .....	79	131	114	173	—	2	48	43	3	1	—	—	244	350



UNIONS AND PARISHES.	In County Asylum, Hanwell.		In County Asylum, Colney Hatch.		In Private Asylums.		In Work- house.		With Friends.		In Asylums in other Counties.		TOTAL.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
STEPNEY UNION—														
Brought forward .....	79	131	114	173	—	2	48	43	3	1	—	—	244	350
Limehouse .....	—	1	11	28	—	—	3	15	—	—	—	—	14	44
Ratcliff .....	1	—	8	26	—	1	2	10	—	—	—	—	11	37
Shadwell .....	1	—	11	13	—	2	1	18	—	—	—	—	13	33
Wapping .....	1	—	3	8	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	6	8
Union Fund .....	—	—	3	5	—	—	2	1	—	—	—	—	5	6
STRAND UNION—														
St. Anne, Westminster .....	18	19	—	—	—	—	1	4	1	—	—	—	20	23
St. Clement Danes .....	10	16	11	—	—	—	—	2	—	1	—	—	21	19
Covent Garden .....	5	2	—	—	—	—	1	2	—	—	—	—	6	4
Rolls .....	1	3	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	1	4
St. Mary-le-Strand .....	3	2	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	3	3
Common Fund .....	2	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	2	8
UXBRIDGE UNION—														
Drayton, West .....	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—
Hayes .....	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
Hillingdon .....	3	—	1	—	—	—	2	1	—	—	1	—	7	1
Ickenham .....	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—
Northolt .....	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—
Norwood .....	1	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	4
Ruislip .....	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—
Uxbridge .....	—	3	—	—	—	—	1	1	—	—	—	—	1	4
Common Fund ....	2	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	—
WHITECHAPEL UNION.														
St. Katharine .....	1	—	1	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	3
Christ Church .....	5	2	6	16	—	1	5	5	—	—	—	—	16	24
Mile End, New Town .....	1	1	6	9	—	—	1	1	—	—	—	—	8	11
Norton Folgate .....	1	—	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	1
Whitechapel .....	4	9	17	24	—	1	7	8	1	1	—	—	29	43
Aldgate, St. Botolph, Without	—	1	1	4	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	1	7
Trinity, Minorities .....	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
Old Artillery Ground .....	—	1	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	1
Common Fund .....	1	—	4	8	—	—	1	8	—	—	—	—	6	16
PARISHES, SOLE—														
Bethnal Green .....	8	6	38	54	1	3	11	13	—	—	—	—	58	76
Chelsea .....	14	65	16	1	—	1	12	14	1	5	—	—	43	86
Clerkenwell .....	9	11	25	41	—	—	17	9	—	—	—	—	51	61
George, St., East .....	1	1	20	45	—	4	12	18	—	—	1	—	34	68
Giles, St., and Bloomsbury ..	13	21	16	9	—	5	4	8	—	—	—	—	33	43
Hampstead .....	8	14	—	—	—	—	3	3	—	1	—	—	11	18
Hanover Square .....	26	73	3	—	—	—	4	3	—	—	—	—	33	76
James, Westminster, St. ....	17	36	11	12	—	—	8	12	—	—	—	—	36	60
Islington .....	5	16	52	61	—	5	6	3	5	1	—	—	68	86
Kensington .....	22	45	12	1	—	—	5	4	—	2	—	—	39	52
Luke, St. ....	5	14	13	17	—	—	33	40	2	2	—	—	53	73
Margaret, St., and St. John ..	24	46	12	2	—	—	23	24	—	—	—	—	59	72
Martin, St. Westminster ...	17	31	1	9	—	—	5	5	1	1	—	—	24	46
Marylebone .....	57	74	41	66	1	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	99	141
Paddington .....	11	31	2	1	—	—	6	10	1	—	—	—	20	42
Pancras, St. ....	25	40	96	141	—	1	58	80	—	—	1	—	180	262
Shoreditch .....	16	7	49	97	4	1	40	37	—	—	—	1	109	143
Mile End, Old Town .....	—	—	36	34	—	—	11	34	—	—	—	—	47	68
	424	733	644	910	6	27	335	440	15	17	3	2	1427	2129
Chargeable to the County of } Middlesex .....	57	90	74	145	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	1	132	237
Chargeable to other Counties.	4	19	7	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	11	29
	485	842	725	1065	7	28	335	440	15	17	3	3	1570	2395

	M.	F.	TOTAL.
At Hanwell .....	485	842	1327
At Colney Hatch .....	725	1065	1790
In Private Asylums .....	7	28	35
In Workhouses .....	335	440	775
With Friends .....	15	17	32
In other County Asylums .....	3	3	6
	1570	2395	3965

CHARLES WRIGHT.  
Clerk to the Visitors.